



OLIY TA'LIM MUASSASALARIGA
KIRUVCHILAR UCHUN

REPITITION TEST TOPSHIRUVCHILAR UCHUN

TEST TOPSHIRIQLARI
KITOBI

Test topshiruvchi:

F.I.O.

IMZO

ABITURIYENT DIQQATIGA !

Test topshiriqlarini yechishdan avval savollar kitobini varaqlab, unda har bir fan bo'yicha savollar soni to'liqligini tekshiring. Agar savollar soni kamligi aniqlansa yoki savollar kitobi raqami bilan javoblar varag'idagi "savollar kitobi raqami" bir xil bo'lmasa, darhol auditoriya rahbariga ma'lum qiling.

Savollar kitobida va javoblar varag'ida test topshiruvchining familiyasi, ismi, otasining ismi to'ldirilganligiga va imzosi qo'yilganligiga e'tibor qarating!

FANLAR: Ingliz tili (1.1)

Tarix (3.1)

Ona tili va adabiyoti (2.1)

Kitob raqami: **999998**

Toshkent 2019

INGLIZ TILI

1. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
He won't go ... near the cemetery because he's so superstitious.
A) everywhere B) anywhere
C) nowhere D) somewhere
2. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
Jim was in such a bad way after his mother died that I thought he'd never ... it.
A) turn up B) get into
C) take after D) get over
3. They say that ... Turkish language is particularly difficult for ... Europeans.
A) the/- B) -/- C) -/the D) the/the
4. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
I taught him how ... chess.
A) playing B) played C) play D) to play
5. Choose the correct answer.
He said: "I have never met such a tall man".
He said that ... never met such a tall man.
A) he had B) I had
C) he has D) he hadn't
6. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
Nobody is perfect, ...?
A) don't we B) have them
C) is them D) are they
7. Choose the best answer. For an extra \$500, you could buy a much ... motorbike.
A) powerfully B) most powerful
C) more powerful D) powerful
8. Choose the best answer. The police will investigate the crime. The police will ... the crime.
A) look into B) get into
C) give up D) turn down
9. She got the job ... she was the best candidate.
A) owing to B) on account of
C) due to D) because
10. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
They produced two reports, neither of ... contained any useful suggestions.
A) whom B) that C) who D) which
11. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
The French poet, Paul Verlaine, led a dreadful life and died ... poverty, although he was recognised ... a poet of genius.
A) from/with B) in/as
C) under/from D) of/among
12. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
Some landlords have become greedy and are demanding ... rents than people can afford.
A) a higher B) high
C) higher D) the highest
13. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
The meat's ... cooked - it melts in your mouth.
A) beautifully B) beauty
C) beautiful D) beautify
14. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
– Of course, eating outside is comfortable and convenient, but eating at home has more benefits. I prefer to eat at home. – ...
A) So have I B) So am I
C) I do either D) So do I
15. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
Robberies were common on the lonely roads, ... people usually travelled in groups.
A) as B) so C) though D) so as
a
16. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
For some reason or ... they didn't stamp my passport.
A) the other B) another
C) other D) others
17. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
The spokesperson asked if ... anybody present who could help them clear up after the meeting.
A) was there B) there was
C) would be there D) there is
18. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
The World Cup ... around the world by satellite.
A) transmitted B) was transmitting
C) was transmitted D) had transmitted
19. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
After weeks of discussion the two sides have reached a mutually acceptable agreement one that ... sides can accept.
A) both B) none C) neither D) either
20. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
Hardly anyone wants to go on this camping holiday. I just can't understand why so ... people are interested in it.
A) little B) few C) many D) a few
21. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence
There is hardly ... place in this house where we can talk privately.
A) no B) some C) any D) -
22. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
Look at all the people standing in line to get into that movie. It ... be a good movie.
A) have to B) must C) ought D) can
23. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
– Tom said: "I'm feeling ill". – Tom said that he ... ill.
A) were feeling B) was feeling
C) feel D) is feeling
24. Choose the best answer. I wish you ... something instead of just sitting and doing nothing, in a few hours.
A) to do B) did C) would do D) had done
25. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
When Bill and Jane retire, they are planning to spend all

their... on a Mediterranean holiday.

- A) safely B) safe C) savings D) save

26. Choose the best answer. No sooner ... she ... the money ... she went shopping.
A) had /received/and B) had/received/than
C) has/ received/ han D) would receive/as

Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (27-30).

Technology is relatively simple in many of the developing countries. Farmers work in the fields with their hands or with simple tools. Goods are carried to market in carts drawn by oxen over dirt roads. Villages are often lighted only by oil lamps and, not by electricity. In factories, hand labor is more common than machinery. Clerks keep records by hand in a ledger. Schools are equipped only with chairs, desks, and a blackboard. Ships are unloaded at the docks by dozens of men and women using their hands and not by cranes and forklifts. The reasons for this limited state of technology are evident. Education is inadequate. There is little research and development. Investment is very low. The question is what can be done to introduce modern technology into poorer countries.

27. According to the passage, ...
A) poor countries force women to work.
B) developing countries have changed notably in the last decade.
C) there is lack of electricity and streets in developed countries are lighted by oil lamps.
D) Gfrnany developing countries lack advanced technology.
28. Which statement is not true about many developing countries according to the passage?
A) Records are kept manually.
B) Elementary tools are used in agriculture.
C) Machines do all kinds of work.
D) Education in many cases doesn't meet requirements.

29. The word "evident" in the passage is opposite in meaning to ...
A) unclear B) patent
C) ordinary D) obvious

30. It can be inferred from the passage that ...
A) developing countries can increase their production of goods and services fast enough.
B) poor countries can develop with the help of modern technology.
C) developed countries have a great need for foreign money.
D) poor countries are trapped in the vicious circle of poverty.

TARIX

31. **Vatan taraqqiyoti partiyasi qachon tashkil qilingan?**
A) 2000-yil B) 1992-yil
C) 1991-yil D) 1993-yil
32. Kimning asarida «sher», «bo`ri» va «chumoli» timsollari uchraydi?
A) Gulhaniy B) Mahmud ibn Vali
C) Nishotiy D) Sayido Nasafiy
33. **Qachon O'zbekiston Respublikasi Ministrlar Soveti O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Vazirlar Mahkamasiga aylantirildi?**
A) 1991-yil 18-noyabr B) 1991-yil 29-dekabr
C) 1990-yil 1-noyabr D) 1990-yil 24-mart

34. O'rta Osiyo xonliklari shaharlarida qozixonalar soni qanday belgilangan?
A) har bir shaharda 2 tadan
B) har bir shaharda 4 tadan

- C) shahardagi dahalar miqdoriga ko'ra
D) shahar aholisi soniga ko'ra

35. Hindistonda Shohjahon hukmronligi boshlangandan necha yil o'tib Britaniya Bengaliyani bosib oldi?
A) 100 yil B) 95 yil
C) 130 yil D) 150 yil

36. Shayboniyxon o'limidan so'ng taxtga bevosita uning avlodlari emas, balki amakisi Ko'chkunchi Sulton o'tqazilishi sababini aniqlang.
A) Ko'chkunchi Sulton Abulxayrxonning o'g'li bo'lganligi bois boshqa nomzod bo'lmagan hamda xalqning talablariga binoan
B) Muhammad Shayboniyxon o'z o'limidan ancha oldin amakisi Ko'chkunchi Sultonni taxt vorisi sifatida vasiyatnoma qoldirgan
C) Shayboniyklar urf-odatiga ko'ra, vafot etgan xon o'rniga taxtga yoshi katta shayboniy o'tqazilishi lozim bo'lgan
D) Shayboniy avlodlari yosh bo'lganligi sababli saroyda kata siyosiy nufuzga ega Ko'chkunchi Sulton taxtni zo'rlik bilan egallagan

37. Kimning prezidentlik davrida o'zidan oldingi prezidentlarning bir qator liberal islohotlarini to'xtatib qo'ydi.
A) Mir-Husayn Musaviy B) Mahmud Ahmadinajod
C) Hasan Ruhoniy D) Turg'ut O'zal

38. Quyidagi javoblardan qaysi birida tarixiy xatolik mavjud?
A) Negosiant atamasi ko'pincha chet ellar bilan savdo qiladigan savdogarlarga nisbatan qo'llanilgan
B) XVI asrning birinchi yarmida Portugaliya Kolumbiya, Ekvador, Peru va Boliviya hududlarini zabt etgan
C) Niderlandiya va Angliya jahon savdo-sotig'i markaziga aylandi
D) Oprichnina bekor qilingan yili Niderlandiyaning eng boy va obro'li katta yer egasi, shahzoda Vilgelm van Oran'yan shimoliy hududlar hukmdori deb e'lon qilinadi

39. Qachondan xalifalikda umaviylar hukmronligini ag'darib tashlash uchun keskin harakat boshlanib ketdi?
A) B va C to'g'ri
B) VIII asrning 50 yillari
C) Muhammad ibn Alining kurash boshlashi oqibatida
D) VIII asrning 40 yillari

40. Turkiston o'lka musulmonlari kengashining gazetasini aniqlang?
A) "Sho'royi Islom" B) "Samarqand"
C) "Turkiston" D) "Sho'royi Ulamo"

41. O'rta Osiyo viloyatlari madaniyati tarixida antik davr qachondan boshlanadi?
A) Mil. avv III asrdan B) Mil. avv IV asrdan
C) Mil. avv I asrdan D) Mil. avv II asrdan

42. Qoraqalpoqlarda Rossiya kapitalining kirib kelishi natijasida quyidagi qaysi sohalarda dastlabki sanoat korxonalarini paydo bo'ldi?
A) paxta tozalash va movutchilik
B) baliqchilik va chorvachilik
C) ko'ncilik va tog`-kon sanoati
D) patxta tozalash va baliqchilik

43. SSSR ko'plab Yevropa davlatlari(a) va AQSH tomonidan tan olingan(b) yillarni toping.
A) a- 1924; b- 1933 B) a- 1925; b- 1934
C) a- 1926; b- 1935 D) a- 1922; b- 1932

44. Ukraina iqtisodini o'sishini ta'minlagan omillarni toping?
1-chet el investitsiyasi; 2-qudratli sanoat bazasi;
3-eksport hajmini oshirish; 4-arzon xomashyo bazasiga egaligi 5-yuqori malakali, arzon ishchi kuchi;
6-Yevroittifoq bilan hamkorlik;

- A) 2,5 B) 4,6 C) 1,6 D) 1,3
45. Nechanchi yilda Toshkent, Samarqand shaharlarida va xorijiy mamlakatlarda YUNESKO homiyligida Behzod tavalludining 545 yilligi keng nishonlandi?
A) 2002-yil noyabrda B) 2000-yil noyabrda
C) 1998-yil noyabrda D) 1999-yil noyabrda
46. Sezar Rim davlati imperatori va diktatori bo'lishiga qaysi omil hal qiluvchi ahamiyat kasb etdi?
A) Pompey qo'shinlari Ispaniyada ekanligi
B) Rim aholisining qo'llab-quvatlashi
C) Senatning qo'llab quvatlashi
D) Do'sti Brutning qo'llab quvatlashi
47. Gollandiya Ispaniyadan ozod bo'lgan yildi dunyo tarixida yana qanday voqea bo'lgan?
A) Polsha Moskvani bosib oldi
B) Yaponiyada Tokugava syogunligi boshlandi
C) Rembrant tug'ildi
D) Nyuton tug'ildi
48. Rossiya imperiyasida Aleksandr II ning imperatorlik davri tugagan yili sodir bo'lgan voqeani aniqlang
A) Xudoyorxon vafot etdi
B) Turkiston general-gubernatorligi tashkil etildi
C) Buxoro amirligi va Rossiya imperiyasi amirlikka o'z vakilini tayinlash huquqini beruvchi yangi shartnoma imzlandi
D) Kaspiyorti viloyati tashkil topdi
49. Qadimgi Rim aholisi chizilgan devorga ishlangan tasvir Rimning qaysi shahridan topilgan?
A) Panteondan B) Galliyadan
C) Pompeya shahridan D) Milan shahridan
50. Jon Makleod va Frederik Bantning ixtirosi natijasida qaysi kasallik bedavo dard bo'lmay qoldi?
A) chechak B) qandli diabet
C) gripp D) animiya
51. Otto fon Bismark Germaniyada mavjud davlatlarning Prussiya bilan "Shimoliy Germaniya Ittifoqi"ni tuzish haqida shartnoma imzolashga erishgan yili vatanimiz tarixida sodir bo'lgan voqeani aniqlang.
A) Qo'qon shahrida Po'latxon boshchiligida qo'zg'olon ko'tarildi.
B) Kaspiyorti viloyati tashkil topdi.
C) Buxoro taxtiga Amir Muzaffar o'tirdi.
D) Jizzax shahri rus askarlari tomonidan egallandi.
52. kelgusida Shayboniyxonga Movarounnahrni istilo qilish uchun tayanch vazifasini o'tagan.
A) Sirdaryo bo'ylaridagi qo'rg'onlar B) Toshkent
C) Orolbo'yi qo'rg'onlar D) Samarqand
53. Muqaddas Rim imperiyasi tarkibiga qayerlar kirgan?
A) Italiya, Germaniya, Fransiya
B) German yerlari, Fransiyaning bir qismi
C) Fransiyaning bir qismi, Italiya va German yerlari
D) German yerlari, Italiyaning shimoliy hududlari
54. "Sho'royi ulamo" jamiyatining eng yirik shubasi qaysi shaharda joylashganligini aniqlang?
A) Samarqand B) Toshkent
C) Namangan D) Qo'qon
55. Tariximiz uchun muhim manba hisoblangan "Bayoni ba'zi havodisoti Buxoro, Xo'qand va Qoshg'ar ("Buxoro, Qo'qon va Qashq'arning ayrim voqea-hodisalari bayoni") kitobi muallifini aniqlang?
A) Muhammad Ya'qub ibn Doniyolbiy Buxoriy
B) Mujrim-Obid
C) Muhammadniyoz Nishotiy
D) Mirzo Shams Buxoriy

56. Rossiya imperatori Aleksandr II Qo'qon xonligini bosib olishni davom ettirish haqida ko'rsatma bergan yilda yuz bergan voqealarni aniqlang?
1. Toshkentda Baroqxon madrasasini tamirlash ishlari boshlangan 2. Xudoyorxon saroyini barpo etish ishlari boshlangan 3. Ahmad Donish amir Nasrullo elchilari bilan Rossiya shaharlari bo'ylab sayohat qilgan 4. saroy tarixchisi Muhammad Yunus tomonidan "Xudoyqul anvar" asari yozildi
A) 1,3 B) 2,4 C) 2,3 D) 1,4
57. Yangikent shahri qaysi davlatning poytaxti bo'lgan?
A) Somoniylarning B) O'g'uzlarning
C) Tohiriyarning D) Qarluqlarning
58. Yevropadagi dastlabki monastirlar tashkil etilgan vaqtda jahon tarixida qanday voqea sodir bo'ladi?
A) Vestgot qirolligi tuziladi
B) Muqaddas Rim imperiyasi tashkil etiladi
C) Franklar qirolligi vujudga keladi
D) germanlarda mulkiy tengsizlik kuchayib, jamoalar boylar va kambag'allarga ajrala boshlaydi
59. Quyidagi sanalar va ularga muvofiq keluvchi voqealarni to'g'ri belgilang
1.1517-yil 2.1524-yil 3.1526-yil 4.1555-yil
a. Protestant knyazlar Rim Papasi bilan bitim tuzishga muvaffaq bo'ldilar
b. Martin Lyuter cherkov eshigiga dindorlarga qarata o'zining mashhur «95 tezis» deb atalgan xitobnomasini yopishtirdi
c. Germaniyada dehqonlar qo'zg'olon boshlandi
d. Germaniya reyxstagi Lyuterchi knyazlar talabi bilan har bir nemis knyazi o'zi va fuqarosi uchun xohlagan dinni tanlash huquqiga ega ekanligi to'g'risida qaror qabul qildi
A) 1-d, 2-a, 3-b, 4-c B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-d, 4-a
C) 1-b, 2-c, 3-d, 4-a D) 1-a, 2-c, 3-d, 4-b
60. AQSHda ishlab chiqarishning deyarli hamma tarmoqlarida nimalar tashkil etildi?
A) trestlar B) kartellar
C) konsernlar D) sindikatlar

ONA TILI VA ADABIYOTI

61. Kelishiklar haqida berilgan to'g'ri hukmlarni toping.
1. Qaratqich kelishigi qaralmishni qaratqichga tobelantirib bog'laydi.
2. Qaralmishda ifodalangan narsa, belgi-xususiyat, harakat-holatning qaratqichga qarashli ekanligini bildiradi.
3. Qaratqich kelishigi qaralmishga nisbatan tobe munosabatda bo'ladi.
4. Qaratqich egalik qo'shimchasi, qaralmish qaratqich kelishigi qo'shimchasi shaklida keladi.
A) 2, 3 B) 1, 2, 3, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 2
62. Qaysi so'zda lablanmagan tor va keng unli qatnashgan?
A) o'g'iz B) ko'krak C) bilak D) okean
63. Quyidagi gapda yasama so'zlar soni nechta?
Hamdardlik bir odamning qayg'u-hasratlariga achinib, o'zida ham qayg'u hosil qilishidir, lekin quruq va yuzaki hamdardlikning foydasi yo'q.
A) 4 ta B) 5 ta C) 3 ta D) 2 ta
64. "Rustamxon" dostonida Sul-tonxon shahardan necha mahram bilan jo'nadi?
A) besh yuz B) to'rt yuz
C) uch lak D) olti yuz
65. Kelgusi avlod zakovati va shijoatiga ishonmagan jamiyatning ichi mo'rtdir.

- Ushbu gapda nechta so'z hokim qismga moslashuv usulida bog'langan?
A) 3 ta B) 2 ta C) 4 ta D) 1 ta
66. Ellik sakkizni rosa kutdim, kelmadi - piyoda ketdim. Ma'no ko'chishining turini toping.
A) metonimiya B) metafora
C) vazifadoshlik D) sinekdoxa
67. Noto'g'ri yozilgan so'zni toping.
A) kariyes B) drama
C) istehzomuz D) talafot
68. Yasama so'z tub so'z bilan o'zaro sinonimlik hosil qilgan qatorni toping.
A) uyatsiz – benomus, kishi – kimsa
B) suluv – latofatli, durust – yaxshi
C) kuch – qudrat, buyruq – amr
D) his – sezgi, savol - so'roq
69. Poshshoxo'ja o'g'li Xojaning "Maqsad ul-atvor" dostoni kimga bag'ishlangan?
A) Muhammad Xo'jabek B) Nosiruddin To'qbug'a
C) Jonibek Sultonga D) Tabg'ach Bug'raxon
70. Qaysi qatorda ravishdosh gapning markazini ifodalab kelmagan?
A) Sen yig'lasang, men ham yig'lab yuboraman.
B) Mehmonlar hamma bilan quchoqlashib ko'rishdilar.
C) Razm solsangiz, bu rastada ko'p narsani ko'ra olasiz.
D) To'satdan onamning jahli chiqib ketdi.
71. Antuan de Sent-Ekzyuperining «Harbiy uchuvchi» asari janrini aniqlang.
A) Hikoya. B)
C) Roman. D) Novella.
72. Uch o'rinda omonim bo'la oladigan qo'shimchalar to'liq ko'rsatilgan javobni aniqlang.
1) -im; 2) -ik; 3) be-; 4) -a; 5) -ar; 6) -oq.
A) 1, 2, 4, 5 B) 1, 5
C) 1, 3, 4, 5, 6 D) 1, 2, 4, 5, 6
73. Qaysi maqol kesim, ega, to'ldiruvchidan tashkil topgan?
A) Qarindoshingni yomonlab, Qaydan tug'gan toparsan.
B) Issiq kiyim tanni iltar, Issiq so'z jonni iltar.
C) Nomardga yalinma, Bir baloga chalinma.
D) Aqlsiz do'stga kular, Aqlli do'stini suyar.
74. Ko'p nuqtaning ishlatilish sababini izohlang. **To'ra biroz o'ylab turgach, podshoning devordagi suratini, so'ngra o'zining yelkasidagi pogonini ko'rsatdi.**
— Mana shu imperiya...
Miryoqub hech narsa anglamadi. (A.Cho'lpon)
A) so'zlovchining cheksiz his-hayajonini ifodalash uchun
B) mazmunan tugallanmay qolgan gap bo'lgani uchun
C) suhbatdoshining gapi javobsiz qoldirilgani uchun
D) matn (jumla) qisqartirilgani uchun.
75. Muqimiyning "Tanobchilar" asari qanday she'riy shaklda yozilgan?
A) Musallas B) Musaddas
C) G'azal D) Masnaviy
76.
A) butunlay yutib yubormoq B) befarq nazar solmoq
C) yasama tabassum D) sehrli qalpoqcha
77. Yomg'ir - suyuq tomchi holiday atmosfera yog'ini. Ushbu parcha qaysi uslubga mansub?
A) badiiy uslub B) ilmiy uslub
C) publitsistik uslub D) rasmiy uslub
78. "Avesto"da Mitraning izidan yugurib boradigan g'azabnok qobon misoli serjahl, o'tkir tishli, xanjardek qoziq tishli, deya ta'riflangan kim?
A) Bushyasta B) Varaxran
C) Xaoma D) Sraosha
79. Ro'paramda esa kamida qirqni qoralab qolgan, chakka sochlariga oq oralagan, ko'zlarida biror ma'no yo'q, lablari po'rsildoq kimsa o'tirardi.
Ushbu gap turini aniqlang.
A) qismlari uyushgan murakkab qo'shma gap
B) bog'lovchisiz qo'shma gap
C) uyushiq bo'lakli sodda gap
D) aralash murakkab qo'shma gap
80. To'g'ri yozilgan so'zni toping.
A) ta'magir B) intellektual
C) taftish D) inshoat
81. Berilgan maqollardan qaysi birida to'rt o'rinda fonetik o'zgarish asosida yozilgan so'z mavjud?
A) ilm - dilning chirog'i. Maktab – ilm chorbog'i.
B) O'g'li borning o'rni bor, Qizi borning qadri bor.
C) Oltovlon ola bo'lsa, Og'zidagini oldirar. To'rtovlon tugal bo'lsa, Tepadagini endirar.
D) Yeridan ayrilgan yetti yil yig'lar, Elidan ayrilgan o'lguncha yig'lar.
82. «Xoh inon, xoh inonma» (Lutfiy) radifli g'azal aruzning qaysi vaznida bitilgan?
A) ramali musaddasi mahzuf (yoki maqsur),
B) hazaji musaddasi mahzuf (yoki maqsur)
C) mujtassi musammani maxbun va maxbuni maqtu'
D) hazaji musammani axrabi makfufi mahzuf (yoki maqsur).
83. "Ma'naviyatni tushunish, anglash uchun eng, avvalo, insonni tushunish anglash kerak". Ushbu parcha qaysi asardan olingan?
A) "O'zbekiston XX asr bo'sag'asida"
B) "O'lsam ayrilmasman quchoqlaringdan"
C) "Ma'naviy yuksalish yo'lida"
D) "Yuksak ma'naviyat - yengilmas kuch "
84. "Otangning, farzandim, tilin olinglar" ("Ravshan" dostonidan). "tilin olmoq" so'zining ma'nosi...
A) qo'lini olmoq. B) tilga olmoq.
C) qo'ltig'iga kirmoq (yordamlashmoq) D) gapiga kirmoq.
85. O'lmas Umarbekovning hikoyalar to'plamini toping. 1. "Qishlog'imiz kishilari", 2. "Sevgim, sevgilim", 3. "Yulduzlar", 4. "Charos", 5. "Cho'li iroq", 6. "Oq qaldirg'och", 7. "Bolgar qo'shiqlari"
A) 1,3,4,7 B) 1,2,4,7
C) 1,2,4,6 D) 1,3,5,6
86. Quyidagi tillardan qaysi biri turkiy tillar oilasining qarluq guruhiga mansub?
A) qoraqalpoq B) uyg'ur
C) tatar D) qozoq
87. Hech qayoqqa olib bormaydigan yo'dan borib, sho'x, go'zal va quvnoq sinyoraga va bir kareta oltin-u qimmatbaho toshga ega bo'lgan qahramon kim?
A) Plombir B) Kay C) Martino D) Molteni
88. Ushbu gapning turini aniqlang.
Inson nimagaki erisha olmasa, o'sha aziz tuyiladi.
A) to'ldiruvchi ergash gapli qo'shma gap
B) sodda gap
C) ega ergash gapli qo'shma gap
D) hol ergash gapli qo'shma gap
89. **Koinotdagi barcha narsa muayyan va ma'lum qonunga bo'ysunadi.** Ushbu gapda olmosh qaysi turdagi so'z birikmasi tarkibida kelgan?
A) boshqaruv B) moslashuv
C) bitishuv D) bu gapda olmosh qo'llanmagan

90. «Erdamsiz qut chertilur». Ushbu parcha qaysi asardan olingan va uning izohini toping.

- A) «Qisasi Rabg'uziy», odobning boshi - til
- B) «Hibat ul-haqoyiq», mehnat bekorga ketmaydi
- C) «Devonu lug'otit turk», dangasadan baxt ketadi
- D) «Qutadg'u bilig», mehnat baraka keltiradi