

# **OMAD DOIM BILIMLILARGA KULIB BOQADI !!!**

*Farzandlarimiz bizdan ko`ra kuchli, bilimli, dono va, albatta, baxtli bo`lishlari shart!*

**REPETITION TEST TOPSHIRUVCHILAR UCHUN**



## **SAVOLLAR KITOBI**

ABITURIYENT: \_\_\_\_\_

### **Abituriyent diqqatiga !**

Test topshiriqlarini yechishdan avval savollar kitobini varaqlab, unda har bir fan bo'yicha 30 ta savol mavjudligini tekshiring. Agar savollar soni kamligi aniqlansa yoki savollar savollar kitobi raqami bilan javoblar varag'i raqami bir xil bo'lmasa, darhol auditoriya rahbariga ma'lum qiling.

#### ***Variant-1***

FANLAR :

Blok. Ona tili va adabiyoti

Blok. Tarix

Blok. Ingliz tili

**OMAD YOR BO'LSIN !!!**

***Navbatdagi test sinovi 23.06.2019 da bo'lib o'tadi***

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**Ona tili va adabiyoti 1-variant**

1. Qaysi qatorda “fikrlar butqa” sidan iborat gap berilgan?

- A) Kumush qishdan, zumrad bahordan qolishmaydi kuzning ziynati.  
 B) Kumush choyshab yopib dalalar qor qo'ynida uxlab yotadi.  
 C) Qish kelib paxta gulladi.  
 D) Traktor qulay deb turgan devorlarni tekislay boshladi.

2. Ul sanamkim suv yaqosida paridek ulturur,

G'oyati nozukligidin suv bila yutsa bo'lur. O'xshatish etalonining gapdagi vazifasini aniqlang.

- A) aniqlovchi B) hol C) ega D) to'ldiruvchi

3. Unga, buncha, shunga, shuncha, o'shanday, bunday, shunday Berilgan birliklardan nechitasi olmosh tarkibida fonetik hodisa bo'lishiga misol hisoblanadi?

- A) 4 B) 5 C) 7 D) 3

4. Qaysi gaplarda otlashgan sifatdosh bilan ifodalangan vositali to'ldiruvchining kesimga tobelanishi kuzatiladi?

1. Bilmagandan bilgan yaxshi, to'g'ri ishni qilgan yaxshi.  
 2. O'tirganlar otning baland ovozda kishnaganini eshitishdi.  
 3. Yaxshiga yaxshi nom fe'lidan yetar,  
 Sha'niga barcha el rahmatlar aytar.

4. Topganingdan yo'qotganing ortiqcha bo'lmasin, - dedi nabirasiga.

- A) 1, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 2, 4 D) 1, 3, 4

5. Oltin o'tda bilinadi, odam – mehnatda. Mehnat bilan inoqlashsang, Tan og'rig'in ko'rmaysan. Ko'p ishlagan ko'p yashaydi. Mehnat qilsang, qo'lingga yorug'lik kiradi.

Ushbu matnda yasama so'zlar tarkibida nechta o'rinda shovqinli jarangli sirg'aluvchi undosh qatnashgan?

- A) 4 ta B) 5 ta C) 6 ta D) 7 ta

6. So'z birikmasi va qo'shma so'zga oid umumiy fikrlarni toping.

- 1) qismlari orasidagi grammatik aloqa sezilmaydi;  
 2) bir xil grammatik shaklga ega bo'lishi mumkin;  
 3) qismlari bir xildagi so'z turkumlariga oid bo'lishi mumkin;  
 4) ularni tashkil etuvchi qismlarning har biriga alohida alohida so'roq berish mumkin

- A) 1, 3, 4 B) 1, 2, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 2

7. Ochinglar millati vayronani obod etgusi maktab.

O'qusin yoshlarimiz ko'nglini shod etgusi maktab. Berilgan gap yuzasidan nechta hukm to'g'ri?

1. Moddiy shakli bir xil birliklar bir xil gap bo'lagi vazifasida kelgan.

2. Qaralmishning tobesi belgisiz qo'llangan.

3. Eski o'zbek tiliga oid grammatik shakl qo'llangan.

4. Sintaktik usulda yasalgan so'z mavjud.

- A) 2 ta B) 4 ta C) 3 ta D) 1 ta

8. Bog'ni gullatishgina emas, balki undan mo'l-ko'l va shirin hosil yetkazib berish ham san'atdir.

Ushbu gapda qatnashgan yordamchi so'z turkumiga xos birliklar haqidagi noto'g'ri fikri aniqlang.

- A) yuklamalarning ikki ma'noviy turi qatnashgan  
 B) yuklamalar har xil gap bo'lagi vazifasini bajargan so'zlarga qo'shimchama'no yuklagan  
 C) mazmuniy munosabat ifodalashga ko'ra bog'lovchining ikki turi qatnashgan  
 D) sof va vazifadosh bog'lovchi qatnashgan

9. Qaysi gapda fe'lning buyruq-istak mayliga oid munosabat shaklining badiiy uslubga xos ko'rinishi qo'llangan?

- A) Men kimga suyangayman, birinchi muhabbatim faqat eslab yongayman, birinchi muhabbatim.  
 B) Qora ko'zum, kel-u, mardumliq emdi fan qilg'il, Ko'zum qarosida mardum kabi vatan qilg'il.  
 C) Ko'rgali husnungni zor-u muftalo bo'ldum sanga, Ne balolig' kun edikim, oshno bo'ldum sanga.  
 D) Yaxshini maqtasang - yarashur, Yomonni maqtasang - adashur.

10. Davomiy bo'lishsizlik ma'nosini ifodalagan ko'makchi fe'li so'z qo'shilmasini qatnashgan gapni aniqlang.

A) Yomonga yondashgan yiqilmay qolmas, oxiri chuqurga tiqilmay qolmas.

B) Shundan so'ng bu haqda hech kimga gapirmay qo'ydi.

C) Sizlar el-yurt ahvolidan xabar olmaydiz, faqat o'z manfaatingizni o'ylaysiz, el-yurt manfaatini ko'zlamaysiz.

D) Men u odamni baholaganimda yanglishmadim, to'g'ri so'zladim.

11. Agarda yolg'ondan bersa guvohlik,

Uning ham gunohin kechirmas Xoliq.

Shu to'rta gunohdan kim bo'lsa forig'

Bilingki, ularning manglayi yorug'

Ushbu she'riy parchada faqat so'zlik xususiyatiga ega birliklar miqdori nechta?

- A) 5 B) 6 C) 3 D) 4

12. Quyidagi qaysi jumla tilning sintaktik tabiatiga nouyg'un shakllanib ikki yoqlama mazmun kasb etgan?

A) Chin so'yla xito xo'blariga kim bo'lasan.

B) Bo'lubdir kech xavas bozoridan kech.

C) Loqaydlik tufayli ko'rsak ham, indamaymiz.

D) Bola xonaga chopdi.

13. Qaysi qatorda ko'p kesimli gap berilgan?

A) Uyida ko'p ish qildi, supurdi, tozaladi, kir yuvdi.

B) Dalasida o'smas tikonlar, cho'llarida chopmas ilonlar

C) Biz harbiy uchuvchi va vatan posbonlari bo'lamiz.

D) Suv keldi- nur keldi.

14. Egasi shaxs oti bilan ifodalangan gapni aniqlang.

A) Kitobxonni yo'q asar egasi tashlab ketgan uyga o'xshab fayzsizdir.

B) Qalbi qog'ozdek oppoq, qog'ozdek lovullab yonadigan odamgina chinakam san'at asari yarata oladi.

C) Yaxshi farzand ota umrini davom ettirishi azaldan ma'lum, yaxshi asar esa yozuvchi umrini davom ettiradi.

D) Haqiqiy haykaltarosh o'lik toshdan yasagan haykal tirikka o'xshaydi.

15. Quyidagi gaplarning qaysi birida aniqlovchi va to'ldiruvchi uyushgan?

A) U hamma vaqtdagidek did va farosat bilan kiyingan, avvalgidek chiroyli, xushmuomila edi.

B) Inim, dunyoda kitob o'qimoqdan, tafakkurdan, she'r aytmoqdan zavqbxsh mashg'ulot yo'qdir.

C) Shoir o'z hayotida yaratgan ilmiy, madaniy muassasalarning yashashini, hayrli ishlarning o'zidan keyin ham kattaroq miqyosda davom etishini orzu qildi.

D) Shu yerga kelganda, mingboshining qovog'i solina boshlagan edi, qisiq ko'zlarining tez tez yumilib pirpirayotgandek bo'lganini Miryoqub ham payqadi.

16. Ikki o'rinda mustaqil to'ldiruvchi, ikki o'rinda nomustaqil to'ldiruvchi ishtirok etgan gapni aniqlang.

A) Yer qor va yomg'ir namlarini yig'ib, kelgusi yil bosili uchun asrab turadi, o'zida kuch to'playdi.

B) Ona tilimizning imkoniyatlaridan to'g'ri foydalanish uchun uning so'zboyligini bilishgina kifoya qilmaydi.

C) Bobom shirinso'zlik har qanday baloni qaytarishga qodirligini aytdi.

D) Shoira xalqni og'ir sinovlar, ulug' o'zgarishlar jipslashtirishini, uningkuch-qudratini imtihon qilishini yozadi.

17. Quyidagilardan to'g'ri tasnifni aniqlang.

A)	Mazmuniy bog'liqlik: Abzas, takrorlar, ko'rsatish olmoshi	B)	Mazmuniy bog'liqlik: yuqorida aytib o'tilgani, aniqki so'zlari
	Mantiqiy bog'liqlik: shunday ekan, shunday qilib so'zlari		Mantiqiy bog'liqlik: Abzas, takrorlar, ko'rsatish olmoshi
	Kompozitsion bog'liqlik: yuqorida aytib o'tilgani, aniqki so'zlari		Kompozitsion bog'liqlik: shunday ekan, shunday qilib so'zlari
C)	Mazmuniy bog'liqlik: shunday ekan, shunday qilib so'zlari	D)	Mazmuniy bog'liqlik: shunday ekan, shunday qilib so'zlari
	Mantiqiy bog'liqlik: yuqorida aytib o'tilgani, aniqki so'zlari		Mantiqiy bog'liqlik: Abzas, takrorlar, ko'rsatish olmoshi
	Kompozitsion bog'liqlik: Abzas, takrorlar, ko'rsatish olmoshi		Kompozitsion bog'liqlik: yuqorida aytib o'tilgani, aniqki so'zlari

18. Qaysi gapda faqat bitta tub so'z mavjud?

- A) Rahmsizlik hamisha o'zgarish, qo'rqoqlik, vahimada kelib chiqadi.  
 B) Xatoliklar nisbati o'zgarishi umumiy ko'rsatkichga ta'sir qilmaydi.  
 C) Millionlab insonlar iymon sari yuz tutdi.  
 D) Zaruratsiz, ichki dardsiz, ehtirossiz yozilgan asar o'likdir

19. **PERIODLAR** qaysi til hodisasining tasniflanishidan vujudga keladi?

- A) matn B) insho C) gap D) tovush

20. Yangajon dedim.

Qaynim-ov dedi.

Beriroq kel dedim.

Aynimov dedi. Berilgan gapda so'zga qo'shimcha ma'no beradigan turkumning shakldoshi nechta?

- A) 1 ta B) 2 ta C) 3 ta D) bunday shakl mavjud emas.

21. **Dil - kabobim, qon - sharobim, ashki hasrat - nuqli bazm, Yetdi qassomi azalning xidmati tan'imidin misralarining muallifi kim?**

- A) Gulxaniy B) Mashrab C) Turdi D) Zavqiy

22. 1) ... sel ofatiga yo'l ochaman, deb qo'li bilan Qaysning ko'zini ochdi;

2) Qaysning og'zini yuvib, «bu yerdan oh o'tlarini falakka o'rlataman» dedi;

3) uning boshini silab, «bu bosh ustiga tosh yog'diraman» dedi;

4) ... esa «bundan boshqa pok manzil yo'q», deya uning ko'ngliga moyil bo'ldi.

“Layli va Majnun” dostoniga oid javoblarni moslashtiring.

a) bebosh firoq; b) balo; d) ishq; e) dard;

- A) 1-d; 2- a; 3-e; 4-b B) 1-b; 2-e; 3-a; 4-d

- C) 1-a; 2- d; 3-e; 4-b D) 1-b; 2- a; 3-d; 4-e

23. Abdulla Oripovning “Sohibqiron” dramasida “**HAMMA BOSH EGADI DUNYODA AXIR**” deyilganda nima nazarda tutilgan?

- A) motam B) qabr C) sartarosh D) ona

24. “Oltin qon” rivoyati qaysi asar tarkibida mavjud?

- A) Hibat ul-haqoyiq B) Maxhub ul-qulub

- C) Devonu lug'at-it turk D) Lison ut-tayr

25. Cho'lpon tarjimalarini mualliflari bilan moslashtiring.

- 1) Gogol; 2) Gorkiy; 3) I. Franko; 4) Shekspir; 5) Andreev;

6) Pushkin;

a) «Boris Godunov»; «Dubrovskiy»; b) «Ona»; d) «Tergovchi»;

e) «Osilgan yelli kishining hikoyasi»; f) «Feruz»; g) «Hamlet»;

- A) 1-b; 2-a; 3-d; 4-g; 5-e; 6-f;

- B) 1-d; 2-a; 3-f; 4-g; 5-e; 6-b;

- C) 1-d; 2-b; 3-g; 4-f; 5-e; 6-a;

- D) 1-d; 2-b; 3-f; 4-g; 5-e; 6-a;

26. **Tuz oh, Zahiriddin Muhammad Bobur,**

**Yuz oh, Zahiriddin Muhammad Bobur!**

**Sarrishtai ayshdin ko'ngulni zinhor**

**Uz, oh, Zahiriddin Muhammad Bobur!**

Ushbu bayt haqida to'g'ri tahlilni toping.

- A) faqat tezida **radif mavjud**

- B) **bayt sintezida bosh qo'fiya** qo'llangan

- C) bayt antitezisi begona bayt

- D) ushbu bayt qit'a janrida

27. Sabr bunyodini bir boqish bilan barbod urub,

Ohkim, soldi ko'ngul mulkiga yag'mo surating.

Bayt muallifi va unda qo'llangan badiiy san'atlarni aniqlang.

- A) Muqimiy; tazod, alliteratsiya

- B) Furqat; tanosub, tashbeh

- C) Komil; oksimoron, alliteratsiya

- D) Zavqiy; tazod, tajnis

28. Berilgan badiiy asarlarning nechtasida **TIRIKLAR**

**GO'RISTONIDA YASHAGAN** adabiy qahramonning

ism-doshlari berilgan?

Qiyomat qarz, Qutlug' qon, Jamila, Kecha va kunduz, Tunyuquq bitigi, Surat bilan suhbat.

- A) 2 tasida B) 1 tasida C) 3 tasida D) 4 tasida

29. Tuyuqqa oid noto'g'ri hukmni toping.

- A) Bu janr namunalarini faqat turkiy she'riyatdagina uchratamiz.

- B) Tuyuq misralari, xuddi ruboiydagi kabi, a-a-a-a yoki a-a-b-a tarzida qo'fiyalanishi zarur.

- C) Tuyuq, albatta, ramali musammani mahzuf (yoki maqsur) vaznida bo'lishi kerak.

- D) Tuyuqda qo'fiyaga olingan so'zlar, albatta, tajnisli bo'lishi, ya'ni omonim so'zlardan tashkil topishi darkor.

30. Quyidagi qaysi asarda Shayx Sa'diyning “dunyoda hayotidan qo'l yuvguchidek tili uzun kishi bo'lmas” degan hikmati keltirilgan?

- A) Qutadg'u bilik

- B) Mehrobdan chayon

- C) Devoni hikmat

- D) O'tkan kunlar

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**Tarix 1-variant**

1. Birinchi jahon urushining quyidagi janglarida sodir bo'lgan voqealar to'g'ri moslashtirilgan javobni aniqlang.

- 1) Marna jangi; 2) Somma jangi; 3) Ipr jangi;

a) birinchi bor tanklar qo'llanildi; b) birinchi bor kimyoviy qurol – zaharli gaz (xlor) qo'llanildi; c) Germaniyaning yashin tezligida g'alaba qozonish rejasi barbod bo'ldi

- A) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

- C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c D) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

2. O'rta asrlarda arablarga qarshi bo'lib o'tgan xalq

qo'zg'olonlarining yillari bilan to'g'ri ko'rsatilgan javobni aniqlang.

- 1) Kufa shahridagi qo'zg'olon; 2) Abu Muslim qo'zg'oloni;

- 3) Muqanna qo'zg'oloni; 4) Bobek qo'zg'oloni;

- a) 747-749-yillar; b) 685-687-yillar; c) 815-yil; d) 769-783-yillar

- A) 1-b, 2-a, 3-d, 4-c B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c, 4-d

- C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c, 4-d D) 1-a, 2-b, 3-d, 4-c

3. Zardushtiylik dinida hosildorlik va suv ilohasi...

- A) Mitra B) Ahuramazda C) Anaxita D) Ahriman

4. Quyidagi qozoq juzlarining Rossiya imperiyasi tobeligiga o'tgan yillari to'g'ri ko'rsatilgan javobni to'g'ri toping?

1) Kichik juz; 2) O'rta juz; 3) Katta juz;

a) 1747-yil; b) 1732-yil; c) 1739-1740-yillar

A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

C) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c

5. Italiyani birlashtirish jarayoni kechayotgan davrda Italiya siyosiy tarqoqligining tayanchi bo'lib qolayotgan hududlarni aniqlang.

A) Vatikan va Sitsiliya B) Sitsiliya va Sardiniya

C) Sitsiliya va Neapol D) Sardiniya va Neapol

6. Quyida berilgan voqealardan bir yilda sodir bo'lganlarini aniqlang.

1. Xitoy va Buyuk Britaniya o'rtasida Xitoyni yanada asoratga soluvchi konvensiya tuzildi.

2. San-Stefano shartnomasi imzolandi.

3. Fransiyada Uchinchi Respublika Konstitutsiyasi qabul qilindi.

4. Germaniya sotsial-demokratik partiyasi tuzildi.

5. Xristo Botev turklar bilan jangda halok bo'ldi.

6. Buyuk Britaniyada haftasiga 54 soat ish vaqti belgilandi.

A) 1, 2, 3 B) 1, 4, 5 C) 2, 5, 6 D) 3, 4, 6

7. 1921-yilda Ispaniya o'zining qaysi mustamlakasidagi milliy-ozodlik harakatini bostirish uchun armiya yubordi?

A) Somalidagi B) Eritreyadagi

C) Marokashdagi D) Sudandagi

8. Quyidagi AQSh prezidentlarining prezidentlik davri bilan bog'liq voqealar to'g'ri ko'rsatilgan javobni aniqlang.

1) G.Trumen; 2) D.Eyzenxauer; 3) L.Jonson; 4) R.Nikson

a) televizor ishlab chiqarish yo'lga qo'yildi; b) SSSRga birinchi bo'lib yadro zarbasi berish maqsadini ko'zlovchi doktrina e'lon qilindi; c) kam daromadli oilalarga yordam berish to'g'risida qonun qabul qilindi; d) mamlakatga olib kelinadigan tovarlar uchun 10%lik boj to'lovi joriy qilindi

A) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c, 4-d B) 1-d, 2-b, 3-c, 4-a

C) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c, 4-d D) 1-c, 2-d, 3-a, 4-b

9. Qadimgi dunyo mashhur harbiy sarkardalarining ular ishtirok etgan janglari bilan moslab ko'rsatilgan javobni aniqlang.

1) Leonid; 2) Miltiad; 3) Filipp II; 4) Gannibal;

a) Fermopil jangi; b) Marafon jangi;

c) Xeroniya yaqinidagi jang; d) Kann yaqinidagi jang.

A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-d, 4-c B) 1-c, 2-d, 3-a, 4-b

C) 1-d, 2-c, 3-b, 4-a D) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c, 4-d

10. 1875-yilda Nasriddinbek va fon Kaufman o'rtasida imzolangan shartnomada quyidagi qaysi shartlar belgilab qo'yilgan edi?

1) Nasriddinbek o'zini rus imperatorining sodiq quli deb tan olishi;

2) rus imperatori Nasriddinbekni sodiq hamkori deb tan olishi;

3) Nasriddinbek tashqi siyosatda hech qanday bitimlar tuza olmasligi;

4) Rossiyaga uch million rubl tovon to'lashi;

5) Sirdaryoning o'ng sohilidagi yerlar – Namangan va Chust Rossiya ixtiyoriga o'tganligi;

6) Sirdaryo sohilidagi barcha yerlar Rossiya ixtiyoriga o'tganligi;

7) Rossiyaga ikki million rubl tovon to'lashi

A) 2, 3, 4, 6 B) 2, 3, 5, 7 C) 1, 3, 5, 7 D) 1, 3, 4, 6

11. Quyidagi o'rta asrlar davlatlari poytaxtlari bilan moslab ko'rsatilgan javobni aniqlang.

1) Chingizxon davlati; 2) Usmonlilar imperiyasi;

3) Yaponiya.

a) Kioto; b) Qoraqurum; c) Istanbul.

A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c D) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a

12. Subhonqulixon hukmronligi davrida kimlarga qarshi kurash olib borganligi to'g'ri ko'rsatilgan javobni aniqlang.

1) Balx viloyatida hukmronlik qilayotgan o'g'illariga qarshi;

2) Movarounnahr sarhadlariga bostirib kirgan qozoq sultonlariga qarshi;

3) Movarounnahr viloyatidagi amir va beklarga qarshi;

4) Xiva xoni Anushaxon qo'shinlariga qarshi;

5) Badaxshon hokimi Mahmudbiy otaliqqa qarshi;

6) qalmiq va oyratlarga qarshi

A) 2, 3, 4 B) 1, 3, 4 C) 1, 5, 6 D) 2, 3, 6

13. XVI asrda vujudga kelgan "quloqlar qabristoni" (o'ldirilgan koreyslardan kesib olingan 30 mingta quloq va burun ko'milgan) qaysi xalqning bosqinchilikdagi vaxshiyligining isboti hisoblanadi?

A) mo'g'ul B) yapon C) xitoy D) manchjur

14. Ikkinchi jahon urushi yillarida O'zbekistonda tuzilgan, qaysi diviziya Kalugani ozod etishda ko'rsatgan matonati uchun gvardiyachi diviziya unvoniga sazovar bo'lgan?

A) Panfilov diviziyasi B) 24-o'qchi diviziya

C) 258-o'qchi diviziya D) 353-o'qchi diviziya

15. Avstriya-Vengriya imperiyasi vujudga kelgach oradan necha yil o'tib imperiya poytaxti Vena shahrida ishchilarning demokratik erkinliklar berilishini talab qilgan ommaviy namoyishlari bo'lib o'tdi?

A) 4 yil B) 2 yil C) 1 yil D) 3 yil

16. Fransiyaning markazlashuviga olib kelgan tasarrufidagi yerlarni birlashtirish jarayonini boshlab bergan qirol Lyudovik VI nechanchi asrda hukmronlik qilgan?

A) XII asrda B) XI asrda C) X asrda D) XIII asrda

17. Qaysi yillarda Buyuk Britaniya iqtisodiyotida turg'unlik saqlanib qolgan?

A) 1920-1922-yillar B) 1926-1929-yillar

C) 1922-1923-yillar D) 1930-1933-yillar

18. Eftaliylar davrida O'rta Osiyo aholisining madaniy an'analari qo'shni mamlakatlar, xususan,...

A) dasht aholisi mahalliy me'morchilik an'analari bilan uyg'unlashib ilk o'rta asr madaniyatining shakllanishida muhim rol o'ynadi

B) Xitoy va Eron tasviriy uslublari bilan uyg'unlashuvi yuz berib ilk o'rta asrlar madaniyatining shakllanishiga ta'sir etdi

C) Hindiston va Eron tasviriy uslublari bilan uyg'unlashib ilk o'rta asrlar madaniyatining shakllanishida mustahkam poydevorga aylandi

D) Turkiy xalqlar madaniyati an'alarining qo'shilishi va ilk o'rta asrlar madaniyati ravnaqiga olib keldi

19. 1946-yil Yaponiya parlamenti tomonidan qabul qilingan agrar islohot to'g'risidagi qonunning maqsadi nima edi?

A) sanoatni qayta tiklash

B) davlatning qishloq xo'jaligidagi rolini kuchaytirish

C) fermer xo'jaligini tugatish

D) pomeshchik yer egaligini tugatish

20. Xitoyda milliy buyuk inqilobdan keyin Gomindan partiyasi faoliyati bilan bog'liq holatlar to'g'ri ko'rsatilgan javobni toping.

1) iqtisodiyoti bozor munosabatlariga asoslangan jamiyat qurish;

2) xususiy mulkni himoya qilish; 3) davlat mulkini qo'llash va xususiy mulkni tugatish; 4) Xitoyni chet davlatlar uchun ochiq deb e'lon qilish; 5) milliy bozor rivojiga g'ov bo'layotgan ichki boj to'siqlarini bekor qilish

A) 3, 4, 5 B) 2, 3, 4 C) 1, 2, 3 D) 1, 2, 5

21. O'zbekistonda "Sihat-salamatlik yili" deb nomlangan yilda yuz bergan voqealarni aniqlang.

1) Toshkentda Moskva Davlat Universitetining filiali ochildi;

2) "Isuzu" markali avtobuslar ishlab chiqarish boshlandi; 3)

Sankt-Peterburg shahrida Markaziy Osiyo hamkorligi tashkiloti davlat rahbarlarining kengashida Markaziy Osiyo Umumiy

bozorini barpo etish konsepsiyasi tasdiqlandi; 4) Moskvada

O'zbekiston-Rossiya o'rtasida ittifoqchilik munosabatlari

to'g'risida shartnoma imzolandi; 5) O'zbekiston Respublikasi

Oliy Majlisining Qonunchilik palatasi va Senati tuzilib, faoliyat

uyrta boshladi

A) 1, 2, 4 B) 3, 4, 5 C) 1, 3, 4 D) 1, 2, 5

22. O'zbekistonda 1943-1944-yillarda yangidan ochilgan institutlar to'g'ri ko'rsatilgan javobni toping.

1) Chimboy pedagogika instituti; 2) Marg'ilon o'qituvchilar instituti; 3) Toshkent teatr san'ati instituti; 4) Andijon tillar instituti; 5) Toshkent pediatriya instituti

A) 1, 2, 3 B) 1, 3, 5 C) 3, 4, 5 D) 2, 3, 4

23. O'rta Osiyo hududlarida dastlabki tanga pullar tarqalgan davrni aniqlang.

A) mil.avv III-II asrlar B) mil.avv IV-III asrlar  
C) mil.avv V-IV asrlar D) mil.avv II-I asrlar

24. 1954-yilning aprel-iyul oylarida Jenevada bo'lib o'tgan Konferensiya qanday masalaga bag'ishlanganligini aniqlang.

A) Yevropadagi xavfsizlik va hamkorlik  
B) Yadro qurolidan foydalanish va uni tarqatishni man etish  
C) Germaniyani yagona davlatga birlashtirish  
D) Hindixitoyda tinchlik o'rnatish

25. Imperator Vilgelm II davrida ochilgan, Shimoliy dengiz bilan Boltiq dengizini tutashtirgan kanalni aniqlang.

A) Reyn B) Angra-Peken C) Kil D) Bungo

26. XIX asrning 90-yillariga kelib Germaniya hukmron doiralari tomonidan Tinch okeanida qo'lga kiritilgan hududlar to'g'ri ko'rsatilgan javobni toping.

1) Kurill orollari; 2) Karolina orollari; 3) Mariana orollari; 4) Gavay orollari; 5) Samoa orolining bir qismi; 6) Marshall orollari; 7) Faros oroli; 8) Filippin oroli.

A) 1, 2, 4 B) 2, 3, 5 C) 4, 5, 6 D) 1, 6, 8

27. Turkiston general-gubernatori bosh qo'mondonlikdan tashqari yana qanday lavozimni egallagan?

A) bosh vazir B) bosh sudya  
C) xazinabon D) politsiya boshlig'i

28. Toshkentda birinchi rus-tuzem maktabi va birinchi gimnaziya ochilgan yillar to'g'ri ko'rsatilgan javobni toping.

A) 1889-, 1894-yillar B) 1884-, 1896-yillar  
C) 1884-, 1894-yillar D) 1885-, 1911-yillar

29. Mashhad-Saraxs-Tajan temiryo'l liniyasi qurilgan davrni aniqlang.

A) 1992-1996-yillar B) 1993-1996-yillar  
C) 1994-1996-yillar D) 1991-1996-yillar

30. O'zbekiston Konstitutsiyasida qayd etilgan respublika fuqarolarining siyosiy huquqlariga quyidagilardan qaysi biri muvofiq emas?

A) vakolatli davlat organlariga, muassasalariga yoki xalq vakillariga ariza, taklif va shikoyatlar bilan murojaat qilish huquqi  
B) o'z ijtimoiy faolligini mitinglar, namoyishlar va yig'ilishlar shaklida amalga oshirish huquqi  
C) o'z huquq va manfaatlariga daxldor bo'lgan hujjatlar bilan tanishib chiqish huquqi  
D) kasaba uyushmalariga, jamoat birlashmalariga uyushish, ommaviy harakatlarda ishtirok etish huquqi

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**Ingliz tili 1-variant**

1. Before I woke up, the burglars ... most of my possessions.

A) have already taken B) had been taking  
C) had been taken D) had taken

2. I can't find my sister. Do you know ...?

A) where is he B) where she is  
C) somewhere she is D) is she anywhere

3. People are not allowed ... in the lecture hall.

A) smoking B) to smoke C) smoke D) to smoking

4. I haven't the least idea how many rooms there in ... Ritz and how expensive they are.

A) a B) the C) - D) theirs

5. Are you ... to be visiting Greece again this summer?

A) possibly B) likely C) probably D) might

6. - "How do you like your coffee?"

A) More stronger the better B) The strong the good  
C) More strong more good D) The stronger the better

7. - Do you want me to give you a helping hand?

- No thanks. I can do it ....

A) on myself B) by my own  
C) on my own D) without your hand

8. ... believes in ghosts is a bit crazy.

A) Anyone B) Whatever  
C) Everybody D) Whoever

9. If I had gone to university, I ... medicine then.

A) would study B) had studied  
C) would have studied D) would be studying

10. I wish you'd told me they were on the phone. I ... all the way their house.

A) didn't have to go B) didn't need to go  
C) needn't go D) needn't have gone

11. In the past, fresh air ... to be bad for sick people.

A) was considered B) is considered  
C) considered D) considers

12. We are in favour... building a new bridge in our town.

A) for B) off C) of D) to

13. When I opened the fridge ... only a bottle of milk, some eggs, and butter.

A) there were B) it was C) there weren't D) there was

14. ... his broken leg, he would probably have been picked for the national team by now.

A) Because of B) Due to C) Whereas D) But for

15. I was enjoying my book, but I stopped ... a program on TV.

A) to read to watch B) reading to watch  
C) to read for watching D) reading for to watch

16. You have to pay extra if you take ... with you.

A) many luggages B) much luggages  
C) much luggage D) many luggage

17. . . . is heavier, a kilo of gold or a kilo of feather?

A) What B) Which C) How much D) How

18. Oh, no! I've . . . again! It's been the second time this month.

A) had my wallet to steal B) had my wallet stolen  
C) had my wallet stealing D) had stolen my wallet

**Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (19-22).**

A book has just been published to help parents to deal with their children's naughty behavior at home. The author, Dr. James Bruno, says that the first positive discipline technique is for parents to remain calm because nervous parents don't get good results. Parents who cannot often remain calm find that their children stop taking any notice of them. The second challenge is to know how to correct bad behavior in an effective way. For instance, punishing children by preventing them from watching their favorite TV program is not an ideal solution. Dr. Bruno believes parents should establish clear rules for children to follow. If children refuse to follow these, they know they will be disciplined. Finally, the most effective way of encouraging good

behavior is to give positive feedback as often as possible, to show that it is not only naughtiness that attracts attention.

**19. According to the article, when parents get angry too often,**

- A) they yell at their children to make them obey an order
- B) they tell them off in front of their friends
- C) children often act as if they didn't hear them
- D) they utter increasing number of verbal warnings

**20. The author of the book seems to suggest that in order to discipline children, parents first of all should ....**

- A) find an effective way to correct their children's behavior
- B) stop beating them
- C) not lose their temper
- D) teach them how they have to behave themselves

**21. We learn from the reading that....**

- A) clear rules which are set by the parent must be followed by the children unconditionally
- B) restricting the activities that children like doing is not useful when disciplining a child
- C) giving feedback all the time is not advised when correcting bad behavior
- D) the book by Dr. James Bruno helped the parents a lot who try to discipline their naughty children

**22. According to the text which title can best describe the text?**

- A) Strict Parents
- B) Children should not be punished
- C) Disciplining Children's Behavior
- D) Parents and Children

**Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (23-26).**

The Declaration of Independence was made public on July 4, 1776. Two very important people helped create that document. Their names are Thomas Jefferson and John Adams. Jefferson wrote the first draft. Members of the committee, including John Adams, made changes to it. Then the Continental Congress changed it some more. At last, it was ready. It was read aloud on the steps of Independence Hall. The document lists the reasons why the colonists wanted to break free of Great Britain. John Adams went on to serve as a diplomat to foreign countries. He was also vice president under George Washington. Then he became the second president of the United States. Jefferson also served as a diplomat to France. He was the governor of Virginia. He was also secretary of state under Washington and vice president under Adams. Then he became the third president of the United States. Adams and Jefferson became political opponents during their presidential years. After retiring from public life, they restored their friendship. Both fell ill in 1826. When the 93-year-old Adams died on July 4, 1826, his last words were: "Thomas Jefferson survives." He didn't know that five hours earlier, the 83-year-old Jefferson had passed away. It seems fitting that two of the great heroes of American freedom died hours apart on the fiftieth anniversary of the United States' birth.

**23. Which job did Adams and Jefferson *not* have in common?**

- A) diplomat to foreign countries
- B) vice president of the United States
- C) president of the United States
- D) governor of Virginia

**24. You can infer that during their presidencies, Adams and Jefferson**

- A) were less friendly and opposed each other's policies.

B) fought in duels.

C) regretted the Declaration of Independence.

D) paid no attention to each other's opinions.

**25. Which event occurred third?**

- A) Adams made changes to the Declaration of Independence.
- B) Jefferson wrote the first draft of the Declaration of Independence.
- C) The Continental Congress made changes to the Declaration of Independence.
- D) The Declaration of Independence was publicly proclaimed.

**26. From the context of the passage, what is the meaning of diplomat?**

- A) a political leader
- B) a president
- C) a businessman
- D) a representative to a foreign country

**Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (27-30).**

Psychologist George Spilich at Washington College in Chestertown, Maryland, decided to find out whether, as many smokers say, smoking helps them to think and concentrate. He put non-smokers, active smokers and smokers deprived of cigarettes through a series of tests. In the first test, each subject sat before a computer screen and pressed a key as soon as he or she recognized a target letter. In this simple test, smokers, deprived smokers and non-smokers performed equally well. The next test was more complex. Non-smokers were faster, but under the stimulation of nicotine, active smokers were faster than deprived smokers. In the third test of short-term memory, non-smokers made the fewest errors, but deprived smokers committed fewer errors than active smokers. In the fourth test, non-smokers were the best and deprived smokers bested those who had smoked a cigarette just before testing. As the tests became more **complex**, non-smokers performed better than smokers by wider and wider margins.

**27. It is pointed out in the passage that the purpose of George Spilich's experiments is ....**

- A) to test whether smoking has a positive effect on the mental capacity of smokers
- B) to show how smoking damages people's mental capacity
- C) to prove that smoking affects people's regular performance
- D) to show that non-smokers are less productive at work than smokers

**28. We understand from the passage that....**

- A) active smokers in general performed better than deprived smokers
- B) active smokers responded more quickly than the other subjects in all tests
- C) the other subjects were not better than nonsmokers in the simplest test
- D) deprived smokers gave the slowest responses to the various tasks

**29. George Spilich's experiment was conducted in such a way as to ....**

- A) check the effectiveness of nicotine on nonsmokers
- B) put the subjects through increasingly complex tests
- C) finish the tests as quickly as possible
- D) compel the subjects to respond as fast as possible

**30. The opposite meaning of "complex" in the passage...**

- A) complicated
- B) difficult
- C) sophisticated
- D) uncompounded

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1,3,5  
2,4,6