"XORAZM ILM ZIYO" NTM

+998995607273 raqamiga SMS yuboring.	3342ANTX*Familiya Ism (Viloyat) *JAVOBLAR

Namuna: 3342ANTX*Boltayev Anvar (Qashqadaryo)*BAADACCCAACA...

Izoh:

1) Agar sizni ism familiyagizda yoki viloyatingiz nomida **O'**,**G'** harflari qatnashsa ularni o'rniga **U** va **G** harflarini ishlating.

2) Harflarni faqat lotin alifbosida yozing.

3) Repetitsion testlar faqat ko'rsatilgan sanalar uchun yaroqli. **8.07.2019-10.07.2019**

4) Repetitsion testning sms javoblari soat **21:00** gacha qabul qilinadi.

Natijalar: Har kuni @repetitsiontestuz kanalida soat **22:00** e'lon qilinadi

SAVOLLAR KITOBI

999995

Matematika (3.1)
Ingliz tili (2.1)
Ona tili va adabiyoti (1.1)

BLOKLAR:

Test topshiruvchi:

F.I.O.	IMZO

DIQQAT !

Test topshiriqlarini yechishdan avval savollar kitobini varaqlab, unda har bir fan bo'yicha savollar soni to'liqligini tekshiring. Agar savollar soni kamligi aniqlansa yoki savollar kitobi raqami bilan javoblar varag'idagi "savollar kitobi raqami" bir xil bo'lmasa, darhol auditoriya rahbariga ma'lum qiling.

Savollar kitobida va javoblar varag'ida test topshiruvchining familiyasi, ismi, otasining ismi to'ldirilganligiga va imzosi qo'yilganligiga e'tibor qarating!

MATEMATIKA

1. Agar a natural sonni 64 ga bo'lganda bo'linma n, qoldiq n^3 ga teng bo'lsa, a sonining eng katta qiymatini toping.
   A) 136   B) 65   C) 219   D) 262

2. Hisoblang. $\dfrac{1}{2} + \dfrac{2}{3} + \dfrac{3}{2} + \dfrac{4}{3} + ... + \dfrac{15}{2} + \dfrac{16}{3}$.
   A) 24   B) 65   C) 56   D) 72

3. $a \cdot b \cdot c = 5$ bo'lsa, $\left(\dfrac{2}{a} - bc\right) \cdot \left(\dfrac{4}{b} - ac\right) \cdot \left(\dfrac{3}{c} - ab\right)$ ko'paytmaning qiymatini toping.
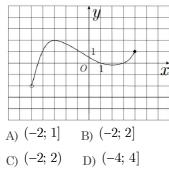   A) 1   B) $\dfrac{2}{3}$ C) $-\dfrac{5}{3}$ D) $-\dfrac{6}{5}$

4. a haqiqiy soni uchun $\sqrt{12-a} - \sqrt{5-a} = 2$ bo'lsa, $\sqrt{12-a} + \sqrt{5-a}$ ifodaning qiymatini toping.
   A) 3   B) 2,5   C) 3,5   D) 4

5. Xitoy aholisining soni $1,3 \cdot 10^9$ kishini, Italiyaniki esa $5,6 \cdot 10^7$ kishini tashkil etadi. Xitoy aholisining soni Italiya aholisining sonidan necha marta ko'p?
   A) taxminan 22 marta   B) taxminan 23 marta
   C) taxminan 24 marta   D) taxminan 21 marta

6. $(x+2)^2 = (x-4)^2$ tenglamani yeching.
   A) -1   B) 2   C) 1   D) 4

7. $x + 4 < \sqrt{x+46}$ tengsizlikni yeching.
   A) $[-46; 49)$ B) $[-46; 0)$
   C) $[-46; 1)$ D) $[-46; 3)$

8. Ketma – ket kelgan ikkita musbat juft sonlar kvadratlarining ayirmasi 124 ga teng. Ushbu sonlardan kichigini toping.
   A) 41   B) 30   C) 35   D) 39

9. Hisoblang: $\dfrac{1}{\cos 20°} - tg10° \cdot tg20°$
   A) $\sqrt{3}$ B) 2   C) 1   D) $\dfrac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

10. $\sin(\pi - x) + \cos\left(\dfrac{\pi}{2} + x\right) = \sqrt{3}$ tenglamaning $[-\pi; 2\pi]$ oraliqqa tegishli ildizlari soni nechta?
    A) 1   B) 3   C) 0   D) 2

11. Grafik ko'rinishda berilgan funksiyaning qiymatlar to'plamini toping.

   A) $(-2; 1]$ B) $(-2; 2]$
   C) $(-2; 2)$ D) $(-4; 4]$

12. $f(x) = \begin{cases} 6x + 1, x < 0 \\ x^2 - 5, x \geq 0 \end{cases}$ funksiya berilgan. $f(f(2))$ ni toping.
    A) 3   B) -1   C) -5   D) -2

13. a ning qanday qiymatlarida $9^x - (2a-1) \cdot 3^x + a^2 - 4a = 0$ tenglama ikkita haqiqiy ildizga ega bo'ladi?
    A) $\left(-\dfrac{1}{12}; \infty\right)$ B) $\left(-\dfrac{1}{12}; \dfrac{1}{2}\right) \cup (4; \infty)$
    C) $\left(0; \dfrac{1}{2}\right) \cup (4; \infty)$ D) $(4; \infty)$

14. Agar $a = 2$ bo'lsa, ifodani soddalashtiring:
    $$\dfrac{\left(25^{\frac{1}{2\log_{49} 25}} + 2\log_2 \log_2 \log_2 a^{2\log_a 4}\right) \cdot 4^{-\frac{2}{\log_3 4}} - a^2}{1 - a}$$
    A) 1   B) 3   C) 4   D) 2

15. $\big|\lg|x+1|\big| = x - 3$ tenglama nechta yechimga ega?
    A) 3   B) 4   C) 2   D) 1

16. $y = f(x)$ funksiyaning $(-2; 10)$ nuqtasidan o'tkazilgan urinma $(1; 10)$ nuqtadan o'tadi. Shu funksiyaning $x_0 = -2$ nuqtadagi hosilasini toping.
    A) 20   B) 0   C) 10   D) -10

17. $\displaystyle\int_1^2 \left(x + \dfrac{1}{x}\right)^2 dx$ integralni toping.
    A) $\dfrac{29}{6}$ B) $\dfrac{29}{3}$ C) $\dfrac{25}{6}$ D) $\dfrac{25}{3}$

18. ABC uchburchakning BC asosidagi M nuqtadan uchburchakning AB va AC tomonlariga parallel qilib MN va MK kesmalar o'tkazildi, bunda K va N nuqtalar uchburchakning AB va AC tomonlarida yotadi. Agar BKM va CMN uchburchaklar yuzlari mos ravishda 3 va 12 ga teng bo'lsa, ABC uchburchak yuzini toping.
    A) 24   B) 27   C) 30   D) 36

19. Rombning bir uchidan chiqqan balandliklar orasidagi burchak $72°$ ga teng bo'lsa, uning o'tkir burchagini toping.
    A) $72°$ B) $54°$ C) $36°$ D) $18°$

20. ABC teng yonli uchburchakka tashqi chizilgan aylananing AD vatari uning BC asosini E nuqtada kesib o'tadi. Agar $AE = 2\sqrt{3}, DE = \sqrt{3}$ bo'lsa, AB ni toping.
    A) 6   B) $3\sqrt{2}$ C) $3\sqrt{6}$ D) $3\sqrt{3}$

21. Agar $A(-2; 1)$ va $B(a; -6)$ nuqtalar Oy o'qiga parallel ravishda o'tuvchi bir to'g'ri chiziqqa tegishli bo'lsa, a ning qiymatini toping.
    A) 1   B) 2   C) -2   D) -1

22. Uchburchakli og'ma prizmaning asosi tomoni 3 m ga teng bo'lgan muntazam uchburchakdan iborat. Agar prizmaning yon qirrasi asos tomoniga teng bo'lib, asos tekisligi bilan $60°$ li burchak hosil qilsa, uning hajmini toping.

A) $\dfrac{27}{4}m^3$ B) $\dfrac{27}{8}m^3$ C) $\dfrac{9}{8}m^3$ D) $\dfrac{81}{8}m^3$

23. O'lchamlari $60 \times 40 \times 5$ sm bo'lgan to'g'ri burchakli parallelepiped shaklidagi mis g'o'lasidan qalinligi 1 mm bo'lgan tunuka taxtasi tayyorlandi. Bu tunuka taxtaning yuzini toping.

A) $1,2\,m^2$ B) $120\,m^2$

C) $12\,m^2$ D) $120\,sm^2$

24. Agar $A \cap B = \{b,\,c,\,d\}$ va $A \cap C = \{a,\,b\}$ bo'lsa,

$A \cap (B \cup C)$ to'plam elementlarini toping.

A) $\{c,\,d\}$ B) $\{a,\,b,\,c,\,d\}$

C) $\{a,\,c,\,d\}$ D) $\{b\}$

25. To'g'ri berilgan integrallash formulalarini tanlang:

1) $\int \cos^2 x\,dx = \dfrac{1}{2}x + \dfrac{1}{4}\sin 2x + C$

2) $\int ctg^2 x\,dx = -ctgx + x + C$

3) $\int tg^2 x\,dx = tgx - x + C$

A) 1; 3   B) 2; 3   C) 1; 2   D) 1; 2; 3

26. Ali aytdi „ASCII kodlash usuli tekis kodlash usulidir", Vali aytdi „ASCII kodlash usuli notekis kodlash usulidir". Ularning fikrlari haqida nima deya olasiz?
A) Ikkalasi noto'g'ri fikr aytgan
B) Ikkalasi to'g'ri fikr aytgan
C) Faqat Ali to'g'ri fikr aytgan
D) Faqat Vali to'g'ri fikr aytgan

27. *MS Excel*.

$A1 = 10,\ B1 = 14,\ B2 = 6$ bo'lsa,

$= \text{СУММ}(A1 - B2;\ A2 - B1)$ funksiyaning javobi 5 ga teng bo'lishi uchun $A2$ katakda qanday son bo'lishi kerak?
A) 16   B) 14   C) 17   D) 15

28. MS EXCEL .A1=2; A2=-18; A3=15 ga teng bo'lsa, … (A1;A3+A2)=0,125 tenglik o'rinli bo'lishi uchun nuqtalar o'rniga qaysi funktsiya qollangan bo'lishi kerak?
A) СТЕПЕНЬ   B) СРЗНАЧ   C) СУММ   D) ОСТАТ

29. Quyidagi teglardan qaysi biri Web – sahifada matn rangini o'zgartirish uchun ishlatiladi?
A) <FONT bgcolor>   B) <FONT color>
C) <P>   D) <BODY>

30. Paskal. Quyidagi dastur natijasini aniqlang.
var x,y,a : real;

begin x :=25; y;=15; if x<y then

begin a:=x;x:=(x+y) div 2; y:=a*y; end.

else begin a : =y ; y:=(x+y) div 2;

x: =x*a; end;

write ('x=', x:5:1,' y=', trunc(y)); end.

A) X=375.0 Y=20   B) X=20.0 Y=375
C) Kompliyatsiyada xatolik xabari chiqadi   D) X=0.0 Y=0

INGLIZ TILI

31. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
They tried not to swallow … water as they swam across the river for fear that it might be contaminated.
A) none   B) any   C) no   D) some

32. The taxi arrived … the hotel at half past two.
A) in   B) at   C) to   D) on

33. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence
I enjoyed leaching Robert… he wasn't the most intelligent boy in the class.
A) as   B) because
C) despite   D) even though

34. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
Because of its location the skin is perhaps more susceptible to disease than any … body organ.
A) others   B) another
C) other   D) the other

35. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence
Ann couldn't find the cheque …but was sure she had left it on her desk.
A) everywhere   B) somewhere
C) nowhere   D) anywhere

36. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
Christmas is … popular and colorful holiday in Great Britain.
A) very   B) most
C) most of all   D) the most

37. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence**.
The first woman governor in the United States history was Nellie Taylor Ross … Governor of Wyoming in 1925.
A) electing   B) to elect
C) elect   D) elected

38. That is the right answer, … ?
A) isn't it   B) is it
C) has it   D) wasn't it

39. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I don't know how many … but it is very noisy in their flat.
A) they do have children
B) do they have children
C) children they have
D) children do they have

40. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
Ostriches can't fly … they have wings.
A) as   B) in spite of
C) even though   D) because

41. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
If you really want to enjoy the full flavour of that particular meal, you must remember … the right balance of sauces together.
A) being mixed   B) to be mixed
C) mixing   D) to mix

42. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
Glancing at the flowers, … had been given her by her colleagues, she felt unhappy about leaving the company … she had worked so contentedly.
A) which/why   B) which/where
C) what/which   D) that/which

43. I wish we … on the same flight tomorrow.
A) had travelled   B) will travel

C) were travelling   D) would travel

44. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
I'm sorry, but we have ... the space ... the time to look after your dog while you are on holiday.
A) not only/but also   B) neither/nor
C) either/or   D) both/and

45. They have a lovely house on … of the city.
A) the outskirts   B) outskirts
C) an outskirt   D) the outskirt

46. **Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
Nora asked Bill: "Where did you hide my purse?"
Nora asked Bill where ... her purse.
A) he hid   B) he hide
C) did he hide   D) he had hidden

47. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
This painting is . . . impressive than the one in the other gallery
A) most   B) least   C) less   D) much

48. By August, … in this house for twenty years.
A) I'll have lived   B) I am living
C) I am going to live   D) I'll live

Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 49-51.
Oceanography is the scientific study of the world's oceans which cover over 70 percent of the earth's surface. The beginnings of modern oceanography go back to the 1870s when, for the first time, wide ranging scientific observations and studies of the oceans were undertaken by the British. Since then, oceanography has developed into a highly technical and interdisciplinary science which is now divided into several fields of study. These are biological oceanography, which deals with the study of marine organisms and marine ecology, chemical oceanography, which is concerned with the composition of sea water, and physical oceanography, which studies ocean currents, tides, waves, and other role played by the oceans in climate and weather . Geological oceanography is also another branch of oceanography and is mainly concerned with the formation, composition and evaluation of the ocean basins.
Oceanographic knowledge is essential to allow exploitation of the enormous food, mineral and energy resources of the oceans with minimum damage.

49. In the passage the writer does not dwell on ... .
A) the history of oceanography studies, and the range of these studies
B) the uses for us of the information provided by oceanographic studies about the oceans
C) how oceanographic studies can contribute to the improvement of shipping
D) the purpose and research concerns of biological oceanography

50. It is clear from the passage that, due to the complexity and variety of its research activities, oceanography ... .
A) benefits extensively from the findings of biology
B) is rarely concerned with the problems of the ocean environment
C) focuses only on the discovery of the new energy resources in the oceans
D) cooperates with some of the other sciences

51. We understand from the passage that over the last hundred years or so ....
A) many wide ranging studies have been made of ocean currents and their effects on climate
B) the oceans have been extensively exploited for food and mineral deposits
C) much progress has been made in the development of

oceanography as a science
D) British scientists have carried out extensive studies of the ocean basis

Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 52-54.
Dostoevsky is a Russian novelist. The son of a doctor, he graduated as a military engineer but resigned his commission to devote himself to writing. His earliest works, particularly "Poor Folk" transform the theme of human suffering amid urban squalor pioneered by Gogol. In 1849 his participation in a radical intellectual discussion group led to his exile to a penal colony
in Siberia. During this time he suffered periods of great physical and mental pain, and recurring bouts of epilepsy. Out of this experience came the harrowing "The House of the Dead". His
mature work is characterized by an obsession with morbid psychology, and at the same time a tormenting awareness of the most profound religions, metaphysical, and moral problems.

52. It is obvious in the passage that Dostoevsky ... .
A) was very fond of being in military service
B) decided to become a novelist and gave up his former job
C) was a disrespectful imitator of Gogol
D) was dismissed from the Russian Army and exiled to Siberia

53. It is stated in the passage that Dostoevsky was sent to Siberia....
A) in order to write his master piece
B) since he supported the practice of the periods government
C) because he took place in a fundamental discussion group
D) as he rejected to take part in any sort of discussion groups

54. One can easily understand from the passage that ... .
A) eventually, his unsurpassed ability to clothe ideas reached its peak
B) his novel "Crime and Punishment" explores the problem of moral prerogatives of the exceptional individual
C) the novels have a heightened dramatic quality, achieved through extensive use of dialogue
D) the novel "The House of the Dead" includes his own heartbreaking experience

Read and then choose the correct answer to questions 55-57.
The most popular national amusement in Burma is the pwe. This
entertainment may consist of acting, singing, dancing, clowning or
even puppetry. These plays are performed outdoors — most often
on moonlit nights. They usually last all night for several nights in
succession. The audience sits on reed mat to watch the show. The
pwes are free, and more often than not are given by a wealthy
individual for the entertainment of his friends and anyone else who
cares to attend. The pwe plays are usually legendary tales about
princes and princesses and almost always have a happy ending.
Actors wear old-time court costumes and proclaim long speeches,
but there is always a clown to relieve any boredom. Judging by the
laughter the clowns provoke, they are found really funny.

55. **The author seems to be suggesting that** ....
A) the audience is expected to participate in the majority of pwes

B) pwes are a lot more effective in daylight

C) each performer at a pwe must be good at several different art

forms

D) the audiences at pwes find the plays a bit boring at times

56. **We learn from the passage that pwes** ....
A) cannot be attended by people who do not have their own reed

mats

B) are a form of entertainment solely for the rich and their friends

C) are performed by actors who come from extremely rich families

D) can be seen by anyone who's interested, and don't require

tickets

57. **The author concludes that the clowns at pwes are humorous** ....
A) because the pwes are so often very boring
B) although they wear traditional clothing and costume
C) as they manage to make the audience laugh a lot
D) despite the fact that they make long, tedious speeches

Read and then choose the correct answer to questions 58-60.
In the early Middle Ages, Europe was a land of rural villages. The
population was small. There were few towns and nothing that we
would call a large city. Europe was mostly covered with dense forests.
In the later Middle Ages, all of this began to change. The European
population grew much larger. Towns grew into real cities. Europeans
went out from their homeland to trade and fight with people who
lived to the south and far to the east.

58. According to the passage, **in the beginning of Middle Ages** ....
A) there was civilization despite everything
B) Europe wasn't different in the past
C) Europe was an agricultural land
D) there were many people living there

59. It is stated in the passage that **as time changed** ....
A) the towns and cities remained the same in Europe
B) towns began to lose population
C) the land was completely deforested
D) the rural life of Europe urbanized

60. **It is obvious in the passage that** ....
A) the citizens of Europe were satisfied with their life
B) the population of Europe didn't change much
C) Europeans left their region for commerce and to struggle with

eastern and southern people

D) people from the south and the east were very wealthy

ONA TILI VA ADABIYOTI

61. Qaysi gapda vergul qo'shma gap qismlari orasida qo'llangan?
A) U to'qayzorda sassiq alaflarning, qamishlarning, gulni payhon qiluvchi to'ng'izlarning ko'pligidan ajablanmadi
B) Bu gaplarimdan cho'chimang, qo'rqmang, hali boshingizda ne savdolar bordir.
C) Maktablarda, oily o'quv yurtlarida kadrlar tayyorlash masalasiga katta e'tibor berilmoqda.
D) "Avesto"da yigitlar kurash tushishni,chavandoz bo'lishni, mol boqa olishni,chorvani yirtqich hayvon va qaroqchilardan muhofaza qila olishni o'rganishlari shartligi aytilgan.

62. Bir oqil aytarmish: tingla, qarindosh,
Siringni fosh etma, kerak bo'lsa bosh!
Ushbu she'riy parchadagi gaplarning egasini aniqlang.
A) oqil, qarindosh, bosh   B) oqil, bosh
C) qarindosh, bosh   D) oqil, qarindosh

63. Nechta so'z to'g'ri yozilgan?
aboniment, avf, fortepiano, krepdeshin, koreys, intellektual, slavyan, talafot
A) 8 ta   B) 3 ta   C) 7 ta   D) 5 ta

64. Do'stlikni e'zozlashning zarur shartlaridan biri do'stlar bilan uchrashib turishdir. Turli katta-kichik marosimlar: bayramlar, tug'ilgan kunlar, to'ylar bilan bir qatorda, do'stona yig'inlar ham bu munosabatlarni mustahkamlaydigan vositadir. Berilgan parchada ham tobe, ham hokim qismi yasama so'zdan iborat so'z birikmalari qanday munosabatda?
A) bitishuv, boshqaruv, moslashuv
B) bitishuv, moslashuv
C) boshqaruv, moslashuv
D) boshqaruv, bitishuv

65. Qaysi so'zlarda so'zga yangi ma'no beruvchi ikkita qo'shimcha ishtirok etgan?
1) tunamoq;
2) asabiylashtirmoq;
3) umumiylikda; 4) shildiroq;
5) yasovchi.
A) 2,3,4   B) 1,4,5   C) 2,3   D) 2,4,5

66. **Ul yor agar yoshursa yuz oh,**
Ag'yorga gar ko'rinsa yuz oh.(Bobur) Ushbu baytda so'zlarning shakl va ma'no munosabatiga ko'ra qaysi turi qo'llanilgan?
A) omonim, antonim   B) antonim
C) omonim, sinonim   D) paronim

67. «Fuqarolar millatlararo myomata tilini o'z xohishiariga ko'ra tanlash huquqiga egadiriar». Ushbu fikr «Davlat tili to'g'risida»gi Qonunning nechanchi moddasida aks etgan?
A) 10-moddada   B) 2-moddada
C) 3-moddada   D) 6-moddada

68. Bo'linishning oxirgi nuqtasi bo'lgan, boshqa mayda bo'laklarga bo'lish mumkin bo'lmagan nutq bo'lagi (akustik-artikulatsion birlik) ...
A) fonema deyiladi   B) to'g'ri javob yo'q
C) so'z deyiladi   D) tovush hisoblanadi

69. To'g'ri yozilgan so'zlar sonini toping.
xohlamoq, hijil, xaspo'shlamoq, shavqat, tamosha, avf
A) 1   B) 4   C) 3   D) 2

70. Taqillaydi eshik nogohon, Kimsan?- deyman tugab sabotim.
- Ochgil, - deydi. - Bu - men, qadrdon.
Bilmoq bo'lsang, Bardoshdir otim.
Ushbu gap haqidagi noto'g'ri fikrni aniqlang.
A) ikkita ot kesimli egasi yashiringan gap bor
B) to'rtta fe'l kesimli egasi yashiringan gap bor
C) beshta egasi yashiringan gap bor
D) bitta fe'l kesimli gap tarkibida ega qatnashgan

71. Qaysi javobda shakl yasovchi qo'shimchalar bilan omonimlik
hosil qila oladigan so'z yasovchi qo'shimchalar berilgan?
A) -in, -ma, -an   B) -cha, -chak, -lay
C) -siz, -lab, -larcha   D) -chak, -larcha, -ch

72. Hokim so'zning ham, tobe so'zning ham asosi shakldoshlik xususiyatiga ega bo'lgan so'z birikmasini toping.
A) g'alabaga erishmoq   B) nafas yo'li
C) tishini sug'urmoq   D) terakning tanasi

73. Qaysi so'zdagi lab tovushi til tovushi bilan almashtirilsa, Shuhrat qalamiga mansub ertak-dostonning nomi kelib

chiqadi?
A) jarima   B) pechak
C) kuldirsin   D) mehrob

74. Qaysi gapda olmosh shaxs otiga tobelanib kelgan?
A) Har qanday go'zallik zamirida mehnat yotadi.
B) Bizning orzu niyatlarimiz ko'p va ulug'.
C) Sinfimizdagi barcha o'quvchilar sport to'garaklariga qatnashadilar.
D) Dildorning ba'zi gaplari haqiqat edi.

75. Eski o'zbek tilida yaratilgan dastlabki namunalarni aniqlang.
1) Qul Ali «Qissayi Yusuf»; 2) Qutb «Xusrav va Shirin»; 3) Xorazmiy «Muhabbatnoma»; 4) «O'g'uznoma»; 5) Sayfi Saroyi «Guliston»; 6) Rabg'uziy «Qisasi Rabg'uziy»; 7) «Tafsir».
A) 2,4,5,6,7   B) 1,2,3,4,6
C) 2, 3,4,5,7   D) 1,2,4,5,6

76. Qaysi so'zning oxiriga "t" harfi yozilmaydi?
A) matona..   B) nadoma..
C) xayolparas..   D) daroma..

77. **Mag'lubni tepib o'tmak mardlik emas.** Ushbu gapda fe'lning nechta vazifa shakli qo'llangan?
A) 1 ta   B) 2 ta   C) 3 ta   D) 4 ta

78. 1) O't (olov) , 2) o't (o'simlik), 3) o't (harakat) omonim so'zlariga grammatik qo'shimcha qo'shilganda, omonimlik munosabati saqlanadimi?
A) saqlanib qoladi
B) faqat dastlabki ikki so'z orasida saqlanadi
C) saqlanmaydi
D) birinchi va uchinchi so'z orasida saqlanadi

79. Farmoyish hujjatlarida gap kesimlari qaysi nisbatda bo'ladi?
A) o'zlik nisbat   B) majhul nisbat
C) orttirma nisbat   D) aniq nisbat

80. Otaga shunday o'g'il zarurki, u ikki girdob: olov va suv girdobidan ozodlik maydoniga chiqa olsin.
Ushbu ergashgan qo'shma gap turini toping.
A) hol ergash gapli qo'shma gap
B) to'ldiruvchi ergash gapli qo'shma gap
C) aniqlovchi ergash gapli qo'shma gap
D) ega ergash gapli qo'shma gap

81. Qaysi qatorda shakldoshlik xususiyatiga ega bo'lmagan ibora qatnashgan?
A) qo'l ko'tarmoq   B) dunyoga kelmoq
C) boshga ko'tarmoq   D) ko'z yummoq

82. "…kambag'allik tufayli o'zi orzu qilmagan diniy maktabda o'qishga kirishga majbur bo'ladi. Chunki bu yerda o'quvchilarga ovqat va kiyim-kechak tekin berilar edi. Shunday bo'lsa-da, …bu maktabda ikki yildan ortiq o'qiy olmadi". Ushbu ma'lumot quyidagi qaysi ijodkor hayoti haqida?
A) Hans Kristian Andersen   B) Janni Rodari
C) Vilyam Shekspir   D) Jonatan Svift

83. Navoiy e'tiqodining asosi qaysi ta'limot?
A) Yassaviylik   B) Qalandarlik
C) Kubroviylik   D) Naqshbandiylik

84. "Tuya hasharotlarni yoqtirmaydi, ammo u tirik ekan, ular uning burnida (yashayveradi)". "Eshak balchiqqa yumalab (istagan) narsasiga erishdi va ishdan qutildi". Ushbu parcha qaysi asardan?
A) "Hibatul -haqoyiq"   B) "Yatimat ad-dahr"
C) "Qutadg'u bilig"   D) "Devonu lug'ot it-turk"

85. Qaysi qatorda nasriy didaktik asarlar berilgan?
1."Pantachantra" ("Kalila va Dimna"), 2."Mahbub ul qulub", 3."Ming bir kecha", 4."Zarbulmasal", 5. "Gulzor",

6."Qobusnoma", 7."Miftoh ul-adl", 8."Qutadg'u bilig"
A) 1,4,6,7,8   B) 1,3,5,6,7
C) 2,4,5,6,7   D) 1,3,4,5,6

86. Jek Londonning burjua jamiyatini qattiq tanqid ostiga olib yozgan romani nomini aniqlang.
A) "Tubanlik kishilari"   B) "Martin Iden"
C) "Qirq mil narida"   D) "Oq sukunat"

87. H.Xorazmiyning "Gulshan-ul asror", Y.Xos Hojibning "Qutadg'u bilig" asarlari qanday asar hisoblanadi?
A) nasriy-she'riy didaktik asar
B) nasriy didaktik asar
C) she'riy didaktik asar
D) aralash turdagi didaktik asar

88. "Suygan yorim sen bo'lsang, ko'rgan kunim ne bo'lg'ay" ushbu gapni kim aytgan?
A) Kalonshoh mirzo   B) Shahodat mufti
C) Muhammad Rajabbek   D) Abdurahmon

89. "*Agar, darkor bo'lsa har choq, Chorlasa Vatan, Qo'lyozmalarimni tashlab, Shinel kiyaman*" deya yozgan shoir kim?
A) Mirtemir   B) U. Nosir
C) G'. G'ulom   D) Oybek

90. Jonibek Sultonga bag'ishlangan asarni belgilang.
A) "Miftoh ul-adl"   B) "Muhabbatnoma"
C) "Maqsad ul-atvor"   D) "Hibat ul-haqoyiq"