

O'RTA MAXSUS KASB-HUNAR KOLLEJLARI VA AKADEMIK
LITSEYLARIGA KIRUVCHILAR UCHUN

ACER

JAVOBLARINGIZNI (90) 916-94-90 raqamiga sms qilib quyidagi ko'rinishda "43*JAVOBLAR" jo'nating va natijangizni bilib oling. (Masalan: 43*ABCCAD va h.k)

SAVOLLAR KITOBI

SAVOLLAR KITOBI RAQAMI:

009990

Ona tili va adabiyoti (1.1)

Fizika (3.1)

Ingliz tili (2.1)

BLOKLAR:

Test topshiruvchi:

F.I.O.

IMZO

DIQQAT!

Test topshiriqlarini yechishdan avval savollar kitobini varaqlab, unda har bir fan bo'yicha savollar soni to'liqligini tekshiring. Agar savollar soni kamliyi aniqlansa yoki savollar kitobi raqami bilan javoblar varag'idagi "savollar kitobi raqami" bir xil bo'lmasa, darhol auditoriya rahbariga ma'lum qiling.

Savollar kitobida va javoblar varag'ida test topshiruvchining familiyasi, ismi, otasining ismi to'ldirilganligiga va imzosi qo'yilganligiga e'tibor qarating!

TOSHKENT – 2019

ONA TILI VA ADABIYOTI

1. Qoraxoniylar davrining buyuk adabiy durdonalari qaysilar?
 1. «Devonu lug'otit turk». 2. «Qutadg'u biling».
 3. «Hibat ul-haqoyiq». 4. «Devoni hikmat».
 A) 1,2,3 B) 1,2,4 C) 1,2, 3,4 D) 1,3

2. Imloviy jihatdan xato yozilgan so'zlarni aniqlang
 1) Shavqat; 2) tagcharm; 3) tussiz;
 4) aftomat; 5) tavsif; 6) afzal;
 7) avg'on;
 A) 3,4,7 B) 1,4,7 C) 2,3,4,7 D) 2,3,5,6

3. "Farhod va Shirin"dagi qaysi obrazlar har bir inson (jumladan Farhod)ning botini (ichki olami)dagi nafsoniy istak, shaytoniy intilishlarning ramziy timsollaridir?
 A) ajdaho, Axriman dev, temir odam
 B) Xusrav va uning lashkarlari
 C) Sheruya va uning lashkarlari
 D) hiylagar kampir va uning mastonlari

4. Polizkapada yulduz sanab yotgan bolaning sajiyasi (xarakteri) va ichki dunyosi tasviri Asqad Muxtorning qaysi she'rida uchraydi?
 A) "Qishlog'im". B) "Yulduzim".
 C) "Tug'ilish". D) "Yo'l".

5. Lutfiyning qaysi g'azali tamoman o'zbek xalq maqollari asosiga qurilgan?
 A) "Ayoqingg'a tushar har lahza gisu..."
 B) "Xoh inon, xoh inonma"
 C) "Ne bo'lursan"
 D) "Bu ko'nguldur, bu ko'ngul"

6. Tuproq to'shagida yotgan ko'p ko'rdirim,
 Qaro yer bag'riga botgan ko'p ko'rdirim,
 Yo'qlik olamiga ko'z tashlaganda,
 Kelmagan ko'p ko'rdirim, ketgan ko'p ko'rdirim.
 Ushbu misralar muallifini toping.
 A) Alisher Navoiy B) Ahmad Yassaviy
 C) Sayfi Saroyi D) Pahlavon Mahmud

7. Ul qaro ko'z ko`zlarig`a surmo bejo tortadur. (Furqat)
 Ushbu misradagi ma'no ko'chish turini aniqlang.
 A) sinekdoxa B) metafora
 C) vazifadoshlik D) metonimiya

8. Shunday bo'lmog'iiga barcha asoslar bor edi, chunki ular bir qishloqda o'sib ulg'aygan edilar, bunisining asrori unisiga besh qo'day ayon edi. Berilgan gap qaysi javobda to'g'ri izohlangan?
 A) bir necha bosh gapli murakkab qo'shma gap
 B) bir necha ergash gapli aralash murakkab qo'shma gap
 C) bir necha ergash gapli murakkab qo'shma gap.
 D) natija ergash gapli qo'shma gap

9. «Davlat tili haqida»gi Qonunning nechanchi moddasida «Muassasalar, tashkilotlar va jamoat birlashmalari muhurlari, tamg'alarli, ish qog'ozlarining matnlari davlat tilida amalga oshiriladi» deb yozib qo'yilgan?
 A) 2-moddada B) 19-moddada
 C) 14-moddada D) 10-moddada

10. Qaysi shoir ishq olovi qanday bo'lsa, uni shundayligicha sh'e'rga ag'daradi. Ollohga bo'lgan muhabbatini ochiq izhor etadi?
 A) Navoiy B) Mashrab
 C) Yassaviy D) Ogahiy

11. Ushbu gapning turini aniqlang.
 Inson nimagaki erisha olmasa, o'sha aziz tuyiladi.
 A) sodda gap
 B) ega ergash gapli qo'shma gap
 C) hol ergash gapli qo'shma gap

- D) to'ldiruvchi ergash gapli qo'shma gap

12. **Bolalarning beg'ubor qalbi to'lib-toshib oqayotgan daryo kabi jo'shqin.** Ushbu gapda nechta sifat yasovchi qo'shimcha mavjud va qaysilar?
 A) 2 ta: be-, -qin B) 4 ta: be-, -gan, -day, -qin
 C) 1 ta: be D) 3 ta: be-, -day, -qin

13. O'Umarbekovning ijtimoiy-siyosiy faoliyatiga bog'liq sanalar mosligini toping. 1) 1956-1971-yillar; 2) 1971-1974-yillar; 3) 1974-1981-yillar; 4) 1982-1986-yillar; 5) 1987-1989-yillar; 6) 1989-1991-yillar. a) O'zbekiston kompartiyasi Markaziy qo'mitasida sektor mudiri; b) O'zbekiston Yozuvchilar uyushmasi raisi; d) «O'zbekfilm» kinostudiysi direktori; f) Respublika Bosh vazirining o'rinnbosari; e) Respublika radiosida muharrir va bosh muharrir; g) Madaniyat vazirining birinchi o'rinnbosari.
 A) 1-d, 2 - g, 3 -e, 4 -a, 5 -f, 6 -b.
 B) 1-g, 2 - f, 3 -b, 4 -d, 5 -g, 6 -a.
 C) 1-e, 2 - a, 3 -d, 4 -g, 5 -b, 6 -f.
 D) 1-a, 2 - e, 3 -b, 4 -f, 5 -d, 6 -g.

14. Dastlabki mayjni yengish undan keyin keladiganlarini qondirishdan osonroq
 Berilgan gapda nechta qo'shimcha alohida bo'g'in hosil qiladi?
 A) 6 ta B) 9 ta C) 7 ta D) 8 ta

15. Faqat bitta undoshdan iborat so'z yasovchi qo'shimchalar berilgan qatorni toping.
 A) -y, -r, -ch, -t B) -k, -m, -q, -b
 C) -t, -p, -ch, -s D) -q, -k, -a, -i

16. Ko'ksi haqoyiq duri ganjinasi,
 Ko'ngli maoniy yuzi oyinasi. "Hayrat ul-abror" da Navoiy ushbu ta'rifni kim haqida aytgan?
 A) Ganjaviy B) Jomiy
 C) Lutfiy D) Dehlavyi

17. So'fizoda she'rlarining birida «Muallimlarni quvib maktablarni yopgan»liklaridan lof urib maqtanganlar kimlar edi?
 A) Qo'qonlik boylar B) Farg'onlik boylar
 C) Toshkentlik boylar D) Chustlik boylar

18. Jahonda nimaiki oq bo'lsa, unga ona suti timsol; nimaiki jo'shqin bo'lsa, unga ham ona mehri timsol; nimaiki chidamli, sabr-toqatli bo'lsa, ona irodasi timsol; kimki pok muhabbat da'vo qilsa, onaning pok qalbi timsol. Berilgan gapda nechta moslashuvli so'z birikmasi mavjud?
 A) 4 B) 3 C) 2 D) 5

19. J.Swiftning "Gulliverning sayohatlari" asarida "jirkanch, hazar qiladigan darajada tuban kimsalar" deb kimlar ta'riflanadi?
 A) Gurgolar B) Liliputlar
 C) Yexular D) ikki oyoqli otlar

20. Qaysi javobdagi turg'un bog'lanma so'z birikmasi bilan shakldosh bo'la olmaydi?
 A) ko'nglidan o'tkazmoq B) ko'zi ochilmoq
 C) to'nini teskari kiymoq D) tosh otmoq

21. Omonim qo'shimchalar qaysi qatorda qo'llangan?
 A) Sochimdan ko'p oshig'im, sen bo'lmasang- boshqasi.
 B) Daryoman, seni olib ketaman sohilim tomonga, duchor etma yomonga.
 C) Dilimni poralar aylading, sevmasang, ne sabab tanlading?
 D) Chiday olaman qyinoqlaringga, sirtmoqlaringga.

22. Qaysi gapda imlo qoidalariga zid yozilgan so'zlar soni nisbatan ko'proq?
 A) Xud-bexud bo'lib yurganimda ham vaqtimni bexuda o'tkazgan emasman.
 B) Uzun-qulqoq gaplarga qaraganda, o'sha odam xotin-halajlari uchun juda katta xaratjatlar qilar emish.

- C) Salnomalarda ham melodiy II asrda dushman tum-taraqay bo'lib qochgani haqida ma'lumotlar bor.
D) Shod-u hurram yashayotganlar hayotiga taxdid vahshiylidir.
23. Mahmud Koshg'ariy tomonidan turkiy qabilalar ichida «eng yengil» deya ta'riflangan til qaysi?
A) Xoqoniy o'lkasida yashovchilarining tili
B) basmil qabilalarining tili
C) o'g'uz qabilasining tili
D) yag'mo, tuxsi qabilalarining tili
24. ...kambag'allik tufayli o'zi orzu qilmagan diniy mактабда o'qishga kirishga majbur bo'ladi. Chunki bu yerda o'quvchilarga ovqat va kiyim-kechak tekin berilar edi. Shunday bo'lsa-da, ...bu mактабда ikki yildan ortiq o'qiy olmadi". Ushbu ma'lumot quyidagi qaysi ijodkor hayoti haqida?
A) Vilyam Shekspir B) Jonatan Swift
C) Janni Rodari D) Hans Kristian Andersen
25. 1) ilmiy uslub; 2) publisistik uslub; 3) badiiy uslub. Ushbu uslublardan qaysilari ijodiy-tavsifiy matnning ko'rinishi sanaladi?
A) 1, 2 B) 1, 2, 3 C) faqat 3 D) 2, 3
26. Vositasiz to'ldiruvchi vositali to'ldiruvchiga ergashib kelgan gapni aniqlang.
A) Sizni kutib olish uchun keldim.
B) Sizni xafa qilishga botinolmaydi.
C) Dilshod mактубни xolasiga berib, ko'chaga chiqib ketdi.
D) Qiy-chuv bilan ularni yengib bo'lmaydi.
27. Ismlar guruhiga mansub bo'lgan, metafora usulida ma'nosi ko'chgan yasama so'z qatnashmagan gapni belgilang.
A) Tiyrak Hamidning nursiz hayotini bezagan birdan-bir narsa onasi Komila opaning so'zlagan ertaklari bo'ldi.
B) Yuragi qattiq ura boshladi.
C) Har holda, Toshkent ustiga yana qonli bulutlar chiqdi, ishning oxiri nima bilan tinchlana, bu bir xudoga ma'lumdir.
D) Loyqa xayolotlar chashmaday tindi.
28. Berilganlardan egasi noma'lum gaplarni aniqlang.
1. Mana uy ham qurildi, suv quvurlari o'tkazildi.
2. Yo'lda ukam menga to'g'ri kelib qoldi.
3. To'garakka borish kerak.
4. Yo'lni kesib o'tishga to'g'ri keladi.
A) 1, 4 B) 1, 2, 3, 4 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 3, 4
29. Uslubiy betaraf so'zlar qatorini aniqlang.
A) tarannum, mujgon, his etmoq
B) tog', bola, tuxum
C) obbo, jiyda, mazza
D) jadal, fidokorona, shodiyona
30. Har bir farzand ona nasihatlarini jon qulog'i bilan eshitishi, to'g'ri yo'lg'a targ'ib etsa, qarshilik qilmasligi, ota yoki onadan birortasi ish buyursa, shu buyurilgan ishda xatolik borligini sezsa ham yuragini tor qilib, qattiq gapirmsasligi, kulib turib, bu ishda xatolik borligini yumshoqlik bilan isbot qilib, ularni ko'ndirishi lozim.Ushbu gapdag'i tushum va qaratqich kelishiklari sonini toping.
A) 1 ta qaratqich, 6 ta tushum
B) 3 ta qaratqich, 6 ta tushum kelishigi
C) 3 ta qaratqich, 4 ta tushum
D) 1 ta qaratqich, 5 ta tushum kelishigi
31. 50 va 100 Vt li elektr lampochkalar kuchlanish manbaiga ketma-ket ulanganda, ularning quvvatlari P₁ va P₂ qanday munosabatda bo'ladi?
A) P₁ = 2P₂ B) P₁ = 4P₂
C) P₂ = 2P₁ D) P₁ = P₂
32. Simob ($\sigma = 510 \text{ mH/m}$, $P=13600 \text{ kg/m}^3$) kapillar naychada keng idishdagiga nisbatan 3 sm pasaydi. Kapillarning diametri qanday (mm)?
A) 1,5 B) 0,25 C) 0,5 D) 1
33. Havo atmosferasidagi kislород, vodorod yoki azot gazlaridan qaysi birining molekulalari hammasidan sekin harakat qiladi?
A) kislород B) uchchala gaz molekulalarining o'rtacha tezligi bir xil
C) azot D) vodorod
34. Kondensator o'zgarmas kuchlanish manbaiga ulangan. Agar kondensator qoplamlalari orasidagi masofa 2 marta ortirilib, kuchlanish 2 marta kamaytirilsa, qoplamlalar orasidagi elektr maydon energiyasi qanday o'zgaradi?
A) 4 marta ortadi B) 8 marta kamayadi
C) o'zgarmaydi D) 2 marta ortadi
35. Prujina yuk bilan 10 sm ga cho'zib qo'yib yuborildi. Muvozanat holatdan qanday masofada (sm) yukning potensial va kinetik energiyalari teng bo'ladi?
A) 1,25 B) 5 C) 2,5 D) 7
36. Lazer nurlanishi . . . bo'ladi. 1) kogerent; 2) kogerent emas; 3) monoxromatik; 4) monoxromatik emas; 5) yo'nalgan; 6) izotrop
A) 2, 3 va 6 B) 1, 3 va 5
C) 1, 4 va 5 D) 2, 4 va 6
37. Massasi m = 18,7 g, hajmi V = 16,6 l temperaturasi T = 300 K va bosimi p = 100 kPa bo'lgan gazning molyar massasi μ ni aniqlang (g/mol). R = 8,3 J/(mol·K).
A) 28 B) 2 C) 32 D) 29
38. Normal sharoitda gaz 1 m^3 hajjni egallaydi. Shu gaz temperatura o'zgarmagan holda 5 MPa bosimda qanday hajjni egallaydi (litr)? $p_{\text{atm}}=100 \text{ kPa}$.
A) 55 B) 22,4 C) 66,4 D) 20
39. Ikki jism bir-biriga nisbatan 30° burchak ostida 15 va 20 m/s tezliklar bilan harakatlanmoqda. 1-jismning 2-jismga nisbatan tezligi qanday (m/s)?
A) 12 B) 15 C) 10 D) 20
40. SI birliklar sistemasida absolut namlik qanday birliklarda o'lchanadi?
A) o'lchamsiz B) % C) $\frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$ D) K
41. 1 N kuch birligini ta'riflang.
A) 1 kg massali jismga 10 m/s^2 tezlanish beruvchi kuch
B) 10 kg massali jismga 1 m/s^2 tezlanish beruvchi kuch
C) 1 kg massali jismga 1 m/g tezlanish beruvchi kuch
D) 1 kg massali jismga 1 m/s^2 tezlanish beruvchi kuch
42. Ikkita nuqtaviy zaryadlar F kuch bilan ta'sirlashadi. Agar birinchi zaryadni 4 marta kamaytirsak, ikkinchi zaryadni 16 marta oshirsak va ular orasidagi masofani 2 marta oshirsak ta'sir kuchi qanday o'zgaradi?
A) 2 marta kamayadi B) 2 marta oshadi
C) 4 marta oshadi D) o'zgarmaydi
43. Torrichelli o'z tajribasini simobda emas, suvdan foydalanib o'tkazganida, normal atmosfera bosimi necha mm.suv.ust. ga teng bo'lar edi?
A) 136 B) 10336 C) 13,6 D) 10,336

FIZIKA

44. 100 V kuchlanishli tarmoqqa qarshiligi 20 Ω bo'lgan o'tkazgich ulandi. O'tkazgichda 10 min ichida qancha (kJ) issiqlik ajraladi?

- A) 200 B) 300 C) 100 D) 600

45. Tosh qoyadan 30 m/s boshlang'ich tezlik bilan gorizontal otildi. Toshning umumiy tezligi 50 m/s bo'lgan vaqtida u vertikal yo'nalishda qancha masofaga (m) ko'chgan bo'ladi?

- A) 80 B) 240 C) 160 D) 120

46. Ideal gaz kengayganda bajarilgan ish ichki energiyaning kamayishiga teng bo'lsa, qanday jarayon sodir bo'ladi?

- A) izobarik B) izotermik
C) adiabatik D) izoxorik

47. Bir bo'lak plastilinga avval shar, so'ngra kub, undan keyin konus shakli berilsa va har bir shakl suvg'a tushirilsa, eng katta Arximed kuchi ... ta'sir qiladi. Nuqtalarning o'rniiga tegishli so'z yoki jumlan'i qo'ying.

- A) sharga B) Hamma shakllarga bir xil Arximed kuchi ta'sir etadi.
C) kubga D) konusga

48. Kontur tortib turgan sirtdan o'tayotgan magnit oqimi 2 s da 10 dan 2 Vb gacha kamaygan. Bunda konturda hosil bo'lgan induksion EYUK (V) nimaga teng?

- A) 8 B) 2 C) 10 D) 4

49. Jism 100 m balandlikdan vertikal yuqoriga 40 m/s tezlik bilan otildi. Kinetik va potensial energiyalari tenglashgunicha jism qancha (m) yo'l yuradi?

- A) 170 B) 20 C) 150 D) 90

50. O'tkazgich va magnit induksiya chiziqlari orasidagi burchak 60° ga teng. O'tkazgichdan 2 A tok o'tmoqda. Agar magnit maydonning induksiyasi 0,2 T ga teng bo'lganda o'tkazgichga ta'sir qilayotgan Amper kuchi 0,1 N ga teng bo'lsa, o'tkazgichning uzunligi qanday (m)?

- A) 0,29 B) 0,58 C) 0,75 D) 1

51. Yorug'lik bir muhitdan ikkinchi muhitga o'tganda, uning chastotasi, tezligi va to'lqin uzunlididan qaysi biri o'zgarmaydi?

- A) tezligi va to'lqin uzunligi B) chastotasi
C) to'lqin uzunligi D) chastotasi va tezligi

52. Massasi 3 t ga teng bo'lgan avtomobilning og'irlik markazi g'ildirak o'qlari orasidagi masofani 2:1 nisbatda bo'ladi. Har bir g'ildirak juftining yo'lga ko'rsatadigan bosim kuchini (kN) aniqlang.

- A) 1; 2 B) 20; 10 C) 10; 20 D) 2; 1

53. O'zgaruvchan tok chastotasi 2 marta orttirilganda, elektr zanjirining aktiv qarshiligi qanday o'zgaradi?

- A) 2 marta ortadi B) 2 marta kamayadi
C) 4 marta ortadi D) o'zgarmaydi

54. Zaryadlangan yakka o'tkazgich sirti yaqinidagi elektr maydon kuchlanganligi E bo'lsa, uning ichidagi kuchlanganlik nimaga teng bo'ladi?

- A) 2E B) E/2 C) E D) 0

55. 2 kg massali jismga o'zaro perpendikulyar bo'lgan 24 N va 10 N kuchlar va sirpanish ishqalanish kuchi ta'sir qilsa, u jism 5 m/s^2 tezlanish bilan harakatlanadi. Jismga ta'sir qilayotgan kuchlarning teng ta'sir etuvchisini toping (N).

- A) 10 B) 16 C) 3 D) 13

56. Yerga nisbatan 0,6c tezlik bilan harakatlanayotgan sanoq sistemada 10 h o'tgan bo'lsa. Yerda necha soat o'tgan bo'ladi?

- A) 20 B) 25 C) 8 D) 12,5

57. Yorug'lik nuri optik zichligi kichikroq muhitga optik zichligi kattaroq muhitdan o'tganda

- A) tushish burchagi sinish burchagidan katta bo'ladi
B) nur sinmasdan o'tadi

C) tushish burchagi sinish burchagidan kichik bo'ladi
D) tushish burchagi sinish burchagiga teng bo'ladi

58. Yerda massasi 200 kg va uzunligi 8 m bo'lgan bir jinsli truba yetibdi. Truba bir uchidan gorizont bilan 30° burchak hosil qilguncha ko'tarilganda qanday ish (kJ) bajariladi?

- A) 3 B) 16 C) 4 D) 2

59. 10 kg kerosin yonganda qanday (MJ) issiqlik miqdori ajraladi? Kerosinning solishtirma yonish issiqligi 46 MJ/kg ga teng.

- A) 460 B) 92 C) 920 D) 230

60. Issiqliko'l ko'lining qanday chuqurligida (m) gidrostatik bosim atmosfera bosimidan 10 marta katta bo'ladi? Atmosfera bosimi 100 kPa, suv zichligi 1000 kg/m^3 , $g=10 \text{ N/kg}$ deb hisoblang.

- A) 100 B) 300 C) 30 D) 200

INGLIZ TILI

61. This time tomorrow ... on the beach sunbathing and drinking freshly squeezed fruit juice.

- A) I'll be lying B) I'll have been lying
C) I'll lie D) I'll have lain

62. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I went round to see her the ... night.
A) the other B) others
C) another D) other

63. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I was concerned when Ed fell off his bike. He ... be badly injured.
A) might B) must C) had to D) may

64. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Because of the traffic in ancient Rome, Julius Caesar would not let anyone ... a wheeled vehicle on the streets during the day.
A) to use B) use C) using D) usage

65. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

They found the painting in some antique shop or
A) others B)
C) the other D) other

66. The authorities will make him pay all his debts. He ... pay all his debts.

- A) is going to be B) will be made to
C) will be made D) was made to

67. Did he say whether ... lend you the money or not?

- A) can he B) he C) could he D) he could

68. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– I always turn the gas off completely before we leave for our holiday. –
A) I did too B) Neither do I
C) I don't too D) So do I

69. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When did you discover that your car ...?
A) was disappeared B) had been disappeared
C) disappearing D) had disappeared

70. We watched a very ... program on television last night which made us laugh a lot.

- A) amusing B) tiring

- C) enjoying D) sympathetic

71. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Rather than trying to do ... at once, deal with more important problems first, and leave the rest to another day.
 A) everything B) something
 C) nothing D) anything

72. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Hardly had we finished eating when they ... they ... which we found extremely rude!
 A) have said/arc leaving B) had said/left
 C) said/were leaving D) were saying/had left

73. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Nowadays the only thing people seem to be interested is earning more and more money, ... ?
 A) don't they B) will you
 C) do they D) isn't it

74. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I would rather ... to the library and read new books than stay at home and sleep or watch TV.
 A) to go B) going C) go D) to going

75. Choose the best answer. He's hardly passed the exam, ...?

A) is he B) isn't he
 C) has he D) hasn't he

76. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There was no-one in when she got home, so she made ... a cup of tea and sat down to watch TV.
 A) her B) themselves C) him D) herself

77. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Jim says that we can borrow his house ... we leave it clean and tidy.
 A) unless B) as long as
 C) in case D) as if

78. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

A scientific observer of wildlife must note every detail of how ... in their environment.
 A) do animals live B) live animals
 C) do live animals D) animals live

79. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Being younger than the others, I always ... wear their old clothes.
 A) had to B) have
 C) must D) were able to

80. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

... Onondaga Lake is now so polluted that ... fish are inedible.
 A) The / the B) -/ the
 C) The / a D) The / -

81. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I never understand people who follow fashion, regardless of whether it suits them or not. -
 A) Neither do I B) So do I
 C) I do either D) So am I

82. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He said ... his name was Sam.

- A) who B) that C) which D) whose

83. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He failed his exam ... his lack of revision.
 A) due to B) as C) although D) however

84. ... abnormal behavior can be caused by ... fear, but there are ... other causes as well.

- A) an/- B) the/-the
 C) an/-the D) -/-

85. We got in the car and made ... Chicago as fast as we could.

- A) to B) at C) towards D) for

86. Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

They simply couldn't decide which restaurant to choose and so ... the end they took a vote and the majority decided on a Chinese one.

- A) at B) in C) of D) by

Read & choose the correct answer for 87-90.

Central heating, available in the US since the early 19th century, became popular only after the Civil War. Typically, coal-burning furnaces fuelled the early systems. The furnaces were warded and cracked, causing gases to escape, and had to be stoked frequently. It took years and countless small

improvements, but by the mid-1920s the systems had become reliable and, with the emergence of oil-fired furnaces, more convenient. Natural gas, which became widely available with the building of a pipeline infrastructure after World War II, had developed into the leading fuel by 1960. Its acceptance resulted in part from its versatility – unlike oil, it can power appliances such as clothes washers and dryers, ovens, cookers and outdoor grills. Because it comes primarily from US and Canadian fields, natural gas is also less vulnerable than oil is, to war and embargo. Oil remains the predominant fuel in a few areas, such as New England, where natural gas pipelines have not yet thoroughly penetrated. Oil users in many regions have the advantage of being able to buy a season's supply in advance at favorable rates and, in contrast to most gas users, can easily change their supply.

87. We understand from the passage that the coal-burning furnaces of the early days of central heating in the US ...

- A) were soon improved and became quite convenient to use.
 B) gave the people who used them prosperity and quiet life.
 C) remained exceedingly popular even after oil-fired furnaces

were introduced.

- D) caused many problems to the people who used them.

88. According to the passage, once natural gas became available, it rapidly became the favorite form of fuel ...

- A) as it is obviously much safer and less costly than oil.
 B) because electricity is required to work most household appliances.
 C) because many different appliances could be powered by it.
 D) because there are plenty of suppliers to choose from.

89. It is stated in the passage that since most of the natural gas consumed in the US is either home-produced or comes from Canada ...

- A) war or embargo does not endanger its supply.
 B) people worry that the supplies might run out.
 C) the system of pipelines to carry it has been easy to develop.
 D) the price is pleasingly low.

90. It's clear from the passage that oil continues to be the chief fuel in certain areas ...

- A) although it has no advantages over natural gas.

- B) where natural gas is unavailable.
 - C) as it is believed to be less dangerous than natural gas.
 - D) but it is rapidly falling into disfavor.
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