

29.07.2019 yil.

1. 3 ta tengdosh prizma balandliklari nisbati mos ravishda 4:9:1 kabi nisbatda bo'lsa, prizmalar asoslarining yuzalari nisbatini toping.
2. $\frac{35}{17} - \frac{77}{19} + \frac{70}{23}$ ifodaning qiymati quyidagi oraliqlarning qaysi biriga tegishli?
3. $\frac{27}{13} + \frac{77}{19} - \frac{93}{23}$ ifodaning qiymati quyidagi oraliqlarning qaysi biriga tegishli?
4. $\frac{40}{13} + \frac{77}{19} - \frac{93}{23}$ ifodaning qiymati quyidagi oraliqlarning qaysi biriga tegishli?
5. Hisoblang: $\frac{4 \cdot (tg435^\circ - tg555^\circ) \cdot \sin^2 70^\circ \cdot \sin^2 50^\circ \cdot \sin^2 10^\circ}{\sin 60^\circ} = ?$
6. Hisoblang: $\frac{2 \cdot (tg615^\circ - tg375^\circ) \cdot \sin^2 70^\circ \cdot \sin^2 50^\circ \cdot \sin^2 10^\circ}{\sin 330^\circ} = ?$
7. Hisoblang: $\frac{4 \cdot (tg435^\circ - tg375^\circ) \cdot \sin^2 70^\circ \cdot \sin^2 50^\circ \cdot \sin^2 10^\circ}{\sin 120^\circ} = ?$
8. $3 \cdot 17^5$ sonini 4 ga bo'lgandagi qoldiqni toping.
9. $7 \cdot 17^5$ sonini 8 ga bo'lgandagi qoldiqni toping.
10. Ishchi bir kuni ish normasining $\frac{1}{8}$ qismini bajardi. 2 – kuni 1 – kunda bajarilgan ishning $\frac{1}{8}$ qismicha ko'p ish bajardi. Ishchi shu ikki kunda ish normasining qancha qismini bajargan?
11. Ishchi bir kuni ish normasining $\frac{1}{4}$ qismini bajardi. 2 – kuni 1 – kunda bajarilgan ishning $\frac{1}{6}$ qismicha ko'p ish bajardi. Ishchi shu ikki kunda ish normasining qancha qismini bajargan?
12. $(\sqrt[4]{2})^{4x+3} = (\sqrt{2})^{-\frac{2x}{3}}$ tenglamani yeching.
13. $(\sqrt[4]{2})^{4x-2} = (\sqrt{2})^{-\frac{2x}{3}}$ tenglamani yeching.
14. $(\sqrt[4]{2})^{4x+7} = (\sqrt{2})^{-\frac{2x}{3}}$ tenglamani yeching.
15. $\int x \cdot \sin 2x dx$ integralni hisoblang.
16. $\int x \cdot \sin 4x dx$ integralni hisoblang.
17. $\int x \cdot \cos x dx$ integralni hisoblang.
18. $\int x \cdot \cos 2x dx$ integralni hisoblang.
19. Ko'paytuvchilarga ajrating: $(a + b)^2 - c^2$
20. Ko'paytuvchilarga ajrating: $(a + b)^2 - b^2$
21. $|x^2 + 9x| = x^2 + 9x - 20$ tenglamaning haqiqiy ildizlari yig'indisini toping.
22. $|x^2 - 11x| = x^2 - 11x + 48$ tenglamaning haqiqiy ildizlari yig'indisini toping.
23. $|x^2 + 10x| = x^2 + 10x + 18$ tenglamaning haqiqiy ildizlari yig'indisini toping.
24. Hisoblang: $\sqrt{12 - 2\sqrt{11}} - \sqrt{11} - 1$
25. Hisoblang: $\sqrt{16 - 2\sqrt{15}} - \sqrt{15} + 4$
26. Hisoblang: $\sqrt{8 - 2\sqrt{7}} - \sqrt{7} - 2$
27. $\frac{x^3}{x-2} \leq \frac{16x}{x-2}$ tengsizlikning butun yechimlari sonini toping.
28. Tengsizlikni yeching: $\frac{x^3}{x-2} \leq \frac{9x}{x-2}$
29. Hisoblang: $2,6 \cdot 7,7 + 2,6 \cdot 3,8 + 2,4 \cdot 16,2 - 4,7 \cdot 2,4$
30. Hisoblang: $3,6 \cdot 4,8 + 5,6 \cdot 3,6 + 4,8 \cdot 9,2 - 4,8 \cdot 5,6$
31. Hisoblang: $6,4 \cdot 11,1 - 6,4 \cdot 7,6 + 3,5 \cdot 6,7 + 4,9 \cdot 3,5$
32. $\sin 4x = \sin 3x$ tenglamaning eng kichik musbat yechimini toping.
33. Tenglamani yeching: $\sin 5x = \sin 3x$
34. Tenglamani yeching: $\sin 5x = \sin 6x$
35. Tenglamani yeching: $\sin x = \sin 3x$
36. Tenglamani yeching: $\sin 4x = \sin 3x$
37. Tenglamaning eng kichik ildizini toping: $\sin 2x = \sin 3x$
38. Hisoblang: $\frac{(x-1)!}{(x-4)!} + \frac{(x+1)!}{(x-2)!} = ?$
39. Tengsizlikni yeching: $100x > \sqrt{10^{3 \lg x}}$
40. Tenglamani yeching: $(2 + \sqrt{3})^{x^2} + (2 - \sqrt{3})^{x^2} = 4$
41. Tekisilikda Ikki parallel to'g'ri chiziqlar berilgan. Ularning birida 5 ta va ikkinchisida 4 ta nuqta olingan. Uchi shu nuqtalarda bo'lgan jami nechta uchburchak mavjud?
42. Tekisilikda Ikki parallel to'g'ri chiziqlar berilgan. Ularning birida 4 ta va ikkinchisida 3 ta nuqta olingan. Uchi shu nuqtalarda bo'lgan jami nechta uchburchak mavjud?

43. Tekislikda Ikki parallel to'g'ri chiziqlar berilgan. Ularning birida 2 ta va ikkinchisida 6 ta nuqta olingan. Uchi shu nuqtalarda bo'lgan jami nechta uchburchak mavjud?
44. Tenglamani yeching: $2x^3 - 6x + 5 = 0$
45. $f(x) = \log_2 x$ funksiyaning (1;0) va (4;2) nuqtalarda o'tuvchi to'g'ri chiziqqa parallel bo'lgan urinma tenglamasining burchak koeffitsiyentini toping.
46. $f(x) = \log_3 x$ funksiyaning (1;0) va (3;1) nuqtalarda o'tuvchi to'g'ri chiziqqa parallel bo'lgan urinma tenglamasining burchak koeffitsiyentini toping.
47. Tengsizlikni yeching: $|x^2 - 3x + 4| \leq |x^2 - 3x|$
48. Agar $f(x) = \log_2 x^3 + 3$ bo'lsa, $f(4) + f(x) = f(\frac{1}{x})$ tenglamaning ildizlarini toping.
49. Agar $f(x) = 2 + \log_3 x^2$ bo'lsa, $f(9) = f(x) - f(\frac{1}{x})$ tenglamaning ildizlarini toping.
50. $\sqrt{\frac{mnp+4}{m}} + \sqrt{\frac{16np}{m}} : (2\sqrt{mnp} - 4)$ ifodaning qiymatini $m=25, n=0,4$ va $p=49$ bo'lgandagi qiymatini toping.
51. $\sqrt{\frac{mnp+4}{m}} + \sqrt{\frac{16np}{m}} : (\sqrt{mnp} - 2)$ ifodaning qiymatini $m=64, n=0,9$ va $p=16$ bo'lgandagi qiymatini toping.
52. $\sqrt{\frac{mnp+4}{m}} + 4\sqrt{\frac{np}{m}} : (2\sqrt{mnp})$ ifodaning qiymatini $m=0,09; n=0,16$ va $p=0,12$ bo'lgandagi qiymatini toping.
53. $\sqrt{\frac{mnp+4}{m}} + 4\sqrt{\frac{np}{m}} : (2 + \sqrt{mnp})$ ifodaning qiymatini $m=0,09; n=0,16$ va $p=0,12$ bo'lgandagi qiymatini toping.
54. ABCD parallelogramda, D uchidan AB tomonga shunday DE kesma o'tkazilganki, bu kesma parallelogram yuzini 5:12 kabi nisbatda bo'lsa, E nuqta AB tomonni A uchidan boshlab qanday nisbatda bo'ladi?
55. $\vec{a}(x; 2)$ va $\vec{b}(-5; y)$ vektorlar kolliniar vektorlar bo'lsa, u holda $2xy + 15$ ifodaning qiymatini toping.
56. $7x^3 - 14x - 9x^2 + a + 2 = 0$ tenglamaning 3 ta ildizidan 2 tasi qarama-qarshi sonlar bo'lsa, $a^2 + 3$ ning qiymatini toping.
57. To'g'ri burchakli trapetsiyaning yon tomonlari 6 va 12 ga teng. Agar trapetsiyaning kichik dioganali katta yon tomoniga teng bo'lsa, trapetsiyaning o'rta chizig'ini toping.
58. $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + (a + b + c)^2 = 8$ bo'lsa, $(a+b)(b+c)(a+c)$ ning eng katta qiymatini toping.
59. $a+b+c=3$ va $ab+ac+bc=2$ bo'lsa, u holda $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc$ ning qiymatini toping.
60. Hisoblang: $((x-3)! - (3-x)!)\cdot x!$
61. $x^2 - 2020x + 2019 < 0$ tengsizlikning butun yechimlari yig'indisini toping.
62. $x^2 + 2020x + 2019 \geq 0$ tengsizlikning eng katta butun manfiy va eng kichik mutun musbat yechimlari yig'indisini toping.
63. $x^2 \cdot (a^2 + b^2 + 9) + 2(a + b + 3)x + 3 = 0$ kvadrat tenglama haqiqiy ildizga ega bo'lsa, $a + b$ ning qiymatini toping.
64. $x^2 + ax + 5 = 0$ va $x^2 - 5x - a = 0$ kvadrat tenglamalar umumiy ildizga ega bo'lsa, a ning qiymatini toping.
65. $0 < a < 1$ bo'lsa, $y = \log_a |x - 5|$ funksiyaning grafigi qaysi choraklardan o'tadi.
66. $a > 1$ bo'lsa, $y = \log_a |x + 5|$ funksiyaning grafigi qaysi choraklardan o'tadi.
67. $y = \frac{\sqrt{x^2+x-6}}{x^2-4}$ funksiyaning aniqlanish sohasini toping.
68. $y = \frac{\sqrt{17-15x-2x^2}}{x+3}$ funksiyaning aniqlanish sohasini toping.
69. $y = \arcsin 3^x$ funksiyaning aniqlanish sohasini toping.
70. $y = \sqrt{(\sin x + \cos x)^2 - 1}$ funksiyaning aniqlanish sohasini toping.
71. $y = \frac{\log_2(x^2+1)}{\sin^2 x - \sin x + 0,25}$ funksiyaning aniqlanish sohasini toping.
72. $y = \sqrt{\lg \frac{3-x}{x}}$ funksiyaning aniqlanish sohasini toping.
73. $y = \arcsin\left(\frac{x-3}{2}\right) - \lg(4-x)$ funksiyaning aniqlanish sohasini toping.
74. $y = \log_{100x} \frac{2\lg x + 2}{-x}$ funksiyaning aniqlanish sohasini toping.
75. $f(x) = x^2 - ax + 3$ va $g(x) = 2x - 1$ bo'lsa, $f(g(x)) = ?$
76. $y = x^2 + \frac{1}{x}$ funksiyaning $x = \frac{1}{2}$ nuqtadagi $\Delta x = \frac{1}{2}$ ortirmasini toping.
77. $y = x^2 - \frac{1}{x}$ funksiyaning $x = -\frac{1}{2}$ nuqtadagi $\Delta x = 0,2$ ortirmasini toping.
78. $\sqrt[3]{367x75}$ soni 75 ga qoldiqsiz bo'linsa, x ni toping.
79. Hisoblang: $\arccotg(\tg(-37^\circ)) = ?$

80. Hisoblang: $\arctg\sqrt{2} + \arctg\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = ?$

81. Hisoblang: $\sin(2\arcsin\frac{3}{5}) = ?$

82. Hisoblang: $\arcsin(\sin\frac{6\pi}{7}) = ?$

83. Hisoblang: $\arctg(\tg\frac{6\pi}{7}) = ?$

84. Hisoblang: $\arccos(\cos\frac{6\pi}{7}) = ?$

85. $\sqrt{\frac{1+\sin\alpha}{1-\sin\alpha}} - \sqrt{\frac{1-\sin\alpha}{1+\sin\alpha}}$ ni soddalashtiring ($\frac{\pi}{2} < \alpha < \frac{3\pi}{2}$)

86. $\sqrt{\frac{1+\cos\alpha}{1-\cos\alpha}} - \sqrt{\frac{1-\cos\alpha}{1+\cos\alpha}}$ ni soddalashtiring ($\frac{\pi}{2} < \alpha < \frac{3\pi}{2}$)

87. $\sqrt{(x-3)^2 + (y+4)^2} + \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ ifodaning eng kichik qiymatini toping.

88. Slindr o'q kesimining dioganali 15 ga, balandligi 12 ga teng bo'lsa, asos radiusini toping.

89. ABCD to'g'ri to'rtburchak A burchagining bisektrissasi BC tomonni P nuqtada kesib o'tadi. Agar BP=2 va PC=2,5 bo'lsa, to'g'ri to'rtburchak yuzini toping.

90. ABCD to'g'ri to'rtburchak A burchagining bisektrissasi BC tomonni P nuqtada kesib o'tadi. Agar BP=6 va PC=7,5 bo'lsa, to'g'ri to'rtburchak yuzini toping.

91. $y = \ln\frac{5x-12}{4x-15}$ funksiyaning $x_0=-3$ nuqtasida o'tkazilgan urinma va koordinata o'qlari hosil qilgan uchburchak yuzasini toping.

92. $y = 3x^2 - 6x + 7$ funksiyaning koordinata boshiga nisbatan simmetrigini toping.

93. $y = kx^2 - 6$ funksiya A(-3;12) nuqtadan o'tsa, k ning qiymatini toping.

94. Tenglamani yeching:

$$\sqrt[3]{(x+3)^2} - 2\sqrt[3]{(x-2)^2} + \sqrt[3]{x^2 + 2x - 3} = 0$$

95. Tenglamani yeching:

$$\sqrt[3]{(x+2)^2} - 2\sqrt[3]{(x-3)^2} + \sqrt[3]{x^2 - x - 6} = 0$$

96. Tenglamani yeching:

$$\sqrt[3]{(x+2)^2} - 2\sqrt[3]{(x-1)^2} + \sqrt[3]{x^2 + x - 2} = 0$$

97. Geometrik progressiyada $b_6 - b_3 = 112$ va $b_5 - b_2 = 56$ bo'lsa, $b_1 + b_4 = ?$

98. Geometrik progressiyada $b_6 - b_3 = 84$ va $b_5 - b_2 = 42$ bo'lsa, $b_1 + b_4 = ?$

99. ABC uchburchakda A burchakning ichki burchagi tashqi burchagidan 50° ga kichik bo'lsa, BD va CE bisektrissalar orasidagi o'tmas burchakni toping.

100. Agar $a = \frac{\sqrt{2}(1+3\sqrt{2})}{4}$ bo'lsa, $\frac{2}{1-\frac{2}{2+\frac{1}{a-2}}}$ ifodaning qiymatini toping.

101. $A = \{(x; y) | x^2 + y^2 = 4; x, y \in R\}$

$B = \{(x; y) | x + y = 2; x, y \in R\}$ bo'lsa, $A \cap B = ?$

102. $A = \{(x; y) | x^2 + y^2 = 4; x, y \in R\}$

$B = \{(x; y) | x + y = -2; x, y \in R\}$ bo'lsa, $A \cap B = ?$

103. $A = \{1; 4; 5; 7; 8\}$, $B = \{1; 2; 3; 5; 8; 9; 10; 11; 12\}$ va $C = \{a; b; c; d; f\}$ bo'lsa, $n((B/A) \cup C)$ ni aniqlang.

104. $|7 - 2x| = |5 - 3x| + |x + 2|$ tenglamaning butun yechimalari nechta?

105. $a_1 = 2$ va $a_n = 2^n \cdot a_{n-1} - 2$ n ta hadi ko'rinishida berilgan ketma-ketlikning 4-hadini toping.

106. Muntazam uchburchakli piramidaga konus ichki chizilgan. Piramidaning yon yoqlari bilan asosi 60° li burchak hosil qiladi. Agar piramidaning asosiga ichki chizilgan aylananing radiusi 16 ga teng bo'lsa, konusning yon sirtini toping.

107. DAVOMI BOR.